Contract for the Sale and Purchase of Commercial Real Estate

First Edition

This document has been approved by The Real Estate Institute of Queensland Limited and the Queensland Law Society Incorporated as being suitable for the sale and purchase of commercial real estate in Queensland.

The Seller and Buyer agree to sell and buy the Property under this contract.

REFERENCE SCHEDULE

	Contract Date:	If no date is inserted, the Contract Date is the date on which the last party signs the Contract			
	PARTIES				
	SELLER				
	NAME:	Fraser Coast Regional	Council	ABN: 19 277 850 689	
	ADDRESS:	77 Tavistock Street			
	SUBURB:	Hervey Bay	STATE: QLD	POSTCODE: 4655	
	PHONE:	1300 794 929	MOBILE:	EMAIL: enquiry@frasercoast.qld.gov.au	
	NAME:			ABN:	
	ADDRESS:				
	SUBURB:		STATE:	POSTCODE:	
	PHONE:		MOBILE:	EMAIL:	
	SELLER'S AGE	ENT			
	NAME:	Guy Meredith – Platinu	m Property Fraser Coast		
	ABN:		LICENCE NO: 32	243653	
	ADDRESS:	361 Kent Street			
	SUBURB:	Maryborough	STATE: QLD	POSTCODE: 4650	
	PHONE:	07 4120 20000	MOBILE: 0413 527 807	EMAIL: guy@platinumpropertyfrasercoast.com	
	SELLER'S SOL	LICITOR	■ or any other solicitor notified to the Bu	yer	
	NAME:	CLH Lawyers			
	REF:	COI	NTACT: Krystal Parle		
*	ADDRESS:	Level 3, 10 Browning S	treet		
	SUBURB:	West End	STATE: QLD	POSTCODE: 4101	
	PHONE:	07 3225 0000	MOBILE:	EMAIL: krystal.parle2@clhlawyers.com.au	
	BUYER				
	NAME:			ABN:	
	ADDRESS:				
	SUBURB:		STATE:	POSTCODE:	
	PHONE:		MOBILE:	EMAIL:	
	NAME:			ABN:	
	ADDRESS:				
	SUBURB:		STATE:	POSTCODE:	
	PHONE:		MOBILE:	EMAIL:	

	ENT (if applicable)						
NAME:							
ABN:		LICENCE NO:					
ADDRESS:							
SUBURB:		STATE:	POSTCODE:				
PHONE:		MOBILE:	EMAIL:				
BUYER'S SOI	LICITOR	■ or any other solicitor notified to the	Seller				
NAME:	-	Or any other solicitor notined to the serier					
REF:	CONTAC	CT:					
ADDRESS:							
SUBURB:		STATE:	POSTCODE:				
PHONE:		MOBILE:	EMAIL:				
PROPERTY							
LOT:							
ADDRESS	3: 14 Robertson Street						
SUBURB:	Torbanlea	STATE: QLD	POSTCODE: 4662				
SOBOND.	- I OI Dalliea	STATE. QLD	F031C0DL. 4002				
DESCRIPTION	:		*				
LOT:	2	PLAN : RP 45615	AREA: 0.0059 Ha ■ more or less				
TITLE REFEREN	15162102		OLD AS: ☑ Freehold ☐ Leasehold				
□ Built On	□ Vacant	■ II Heither is selecte	ed, the Lot is treated as being Freehold.				
Present Use:	Commercial	10 11					
Local Governm		Fraser Coast Regional Council					
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SETTLEMENT						
SETTLEMENT DATE:	13 November 2025					
 or any later date for settlement in accordance with clause 6.2, 6.3 or 12.6(1) or a special condition contract or under s79, s80 or s81 of the Property Law Act 2023. 				6(1) or a special condition of this		
	WARNING: The Settlement Date as statlegal advice prior to signing.	ted may change. If you	ı require seti	tlement on a particular date, seek		
GST						
Completing the GST items may have significant consequences for the Seller and Buyer. The Seller and Buyer should professional advice about completion of the GST item and should not rely on the Agent to complete.						
Select one: [If not compl	leted, clause 11.2 No GST is payable or Pt	Purchase Price includes GST applies]				
☐ No GST is payable	or Purchase Price includes GST (if any) [cl	ny) [clause 11.2 applies]				
☐ Buyer must pay GS	T in addition to the Purchase Price [clause	se 11.3 applies]				
☐ Margin Scheme [cla	use 11.4 applies]					
☐ Going concern [clau	use 11.5 applies]					
☐ Farm Land [clause	11.6 applies]					
GST WITHHOLDING	OBLIGATIONS					
	I for GST and acquiring the Property for	a orcanable	□ No ■	WARNING: the Buyer warrants in clause 3.3(5) that this information is true and correct.		
Property by a building contra	quisition for a creditable purpose would be the puactor, who is registered for GST, for the purposes e ordinary course of its business.]	urchase of the		and confect.		
The Seller gives notice the Withholding Law the (select whichever is application)		n 14-255(1)(a) of	•	WARNING: All sellers of residential premises or potential residential land are required to complete this notice. Section		
	uired to make a payment under section 14 relation to the supply of the Property	tion 14-250 of the the sale 'potentia' some e		14-250 of the Withholding Law applies to the sale of 'new residential premises' or 'potential residential land' (subject to some exceptions) and requires an amount to be withheld from the		
Withholding Law in	d to make a payment under section 14-250 relation to the supply of the Property. Undending Law, the Seller is required to give fu	er section 14-		Purchase Price and paid to the ATO. The Seller should seek legal advice if unsure about completing this section.		
LAND TAX						
NOTE: This item must	be completed if the Seller is not otherwi	ise exempt from payir	ng land tax	in connection with the Property.		
[select one]						
☐ No adjustment is to	be made for land tax					
☐ Land tax is to be ad	justed on a single holding basis					
☐ Land tax is to be ad	justed on the Seller's actual land tax liabilit	ty				
[If not completed, no adj	iustment is to be made for land tax]					
CONDITIONS						
FINANCE		BUILDING AND/OR	PEST INSP	ECTION DATE		
Finance Amount: \$		Inspection Date:				
Financier:		-				
Finance Date:		■ If "Inspection Date" is inspection report and		d, the contract is not subject to an es not apply.		
	mount", "Financier" and "Finance Date" are is not subject to finance and clause 4.1 does					

TITLE ENCUMBRANCES: The Encumbrances listed below will remain after settlement under clause 7.2: Seller Disclosure Statement was given to the Buyer the registered interests and encumbrances listed on the title search included in the Seller Disclosure Statement other than any mortgage, caveat or charge; and b. the Unregistered Encumbrances (note this includes statutory encumbrances affecting the land) disclosed in the Seller Disclosure Statement, unless this contract requires them to be discharged at or before settlement (for example clause 3.5). Seller Disclosure Statement was NOT given to the Buyer List all Encumbrances that will remain after settlement under clause 7.2. (You need to include specific description of all registered interests, unregistered interests and statutory encumbrances (see definition of Encumbrances)). LEASES AND SERVICE AGREEMENTS: □ No Is the Property sold subject to Leases or Service ☐ Yes, details are contained in the attached Leases and Service Agreements? Agreements Schedules TREE ORDERS AND APPLICATIONS: ■ WARNING: Failure to comply with s83 Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences And Trees) Act 2011, section 83: Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and □ No Trees) Act 2011 by giving a copy of an order or Is the Lot affected by an application to, or an order made by, the Queensland application to the Buyer (where applicable) prior □ Yes Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT) in relation to a tree on the Lot? to Buyer signing the contract will entitle the Buyer to terminate the contract prior to If yes, a copy of the application or order is given with this contract. Settlement. LOTS IN A COMMUNITY TITLES SCHEME (COMPLETE IF APPLICABLE) ■ WARNING TO SELLER: The Body Corporate STATUTORY WARRANTIES AND CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS and Community Management Act 1997 and the Contract include warranties by the Seller about If the Lot is a lot in a community titles scheme, the Seller gives notice to the Buyer of the the Body Corporate and the Scheme land. following matters: Breach of a warranty may result in a damages claim or termination by the Buyer. Sellers should consider whether to carry out an inspection of the Body Corporate records to complete this section. Latent or Patent Defects in Common Property or (a) Body Corporate Assets (s 223(2)(a)(b))* Actual or Contingent or Expected Liabilities of Body Corporate (s 223(2)(c)(d))* (c) Circumstances in Relation to Affairs of Body Corporate (s 223(3))* Proposal to Record a New Community Management Statement (clause 13.9(1)(a)) Unapproved improvements on common property (e) benefitting the Lot (clause 13.9(1)(b))* (f) Outstanding by-law contravention notices (clause 13.9(1)(c))* Proposed Body Corporate resolutions (clause 13.10)* *Include in attachment if insufficient space INSPECTION OF BODY CORPORATE RECORDS **Records Inspection Date:** If "Records Inspection Date" is not completed, the contract is not subject to a satisfactory inspection of records and clause 13.3 does not apply.

INITIALS (Note: Initials not required if signed with Electronic Signature)

MATTERS AFFECTING PROPERTY

LOTS IN A BUILDING UNIT AND GROUP TITLE PARCEL (COMPLETE IF APPLICABLE) ■ WARNING TO SELLER: The Contract includes WARRANTIES AND CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS warranties by the Seller about the Body Corporate If the Lot is a lot in a Parcel to which the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 and the Parcel. Breach of a warranty may result in applies, the Seller gives notice to the Buyer of the following matters: a damages claim or termination by the Buyer. Sellers should consider whether to carry out an inspection of the Body Corporate records to complete this section. Proposal to add to, alter or repeal by-laws (a) (clause 14.9(1)(a)) Unapproved improvements on common property benefitting the Lot (clause 14.9(1)(b))* Outstanding by-law contravention notices (c) (clause 14.9(1)(c))* Proposed Body Corporate resolutions (clause (d) 14.10)* *Include in attachment if insufficient space **INSPECTION OF BODY CORPORATE RECORDS Records Inspection Date:** If "Records Inspection Date" is not completed, the contract is not subject to a satisfactory inspection of records and clause 14.3 does not apply. The REIQ Terms of Contract for the Sale and Purchase of Commercial Real Estate (Pages 7-19) (First Edition) contain the Terms of this Contract. **SPECIAL CONDITIONS** See Annexure "A" - Special Conditions See Annexure "B" - Guarantee and Indemnity

Signature: Name: Title: e Reference Schedule or authorised by the	
Title:	
· ————————————————————————————————————	
e Reference Schedule or authorised by t	
	he Buyer to sign.
Witness Name	
nic Signature)	
Signature:	Date:
Name:	
Title:	
e Reference Schedule or authorised by t	he Buyer to sign.
Signature:	Date:
Name:	
Title:	
e Reference Schedule or authorised by t	he Seller to sign.
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_ Witness Name	
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nic Signature) Signature: Name:	
nic Signature) Signature: Name: Title:	
	Signature: Name: Title: Witness Name nic Signature) Signature: Name: Title:

INITIALS (Note: Initials not required if signed with Electronic Signature)

(*Note*: No witness is required if the Seller signs using an Electronic Signature)

TERMS OF CONTRACT

FOR THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE

1. **DEFINITIONS**

- 1.1 In this contract, terms in **bold** in the Reference Schedule have the meanings shown under or opposite them and unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) "ATO" means the Australian Taxation Office;
 - (b) "ATO Clearance Certificate" means a certificate issued under s14-220(1) of the Withholding Law which is current on the date it is given to the Buyer;
 - (c) "Balance Purchase Price" means the Purchase Price, less the Deposit paid by the Buyer;
 - (d) "Bank" means an authorised deposit-taking institution within the meaning of the Banking Act 1959 (Cth);
 - (e) "Bank Cheque":
 - includes a cheque drawn by a building society or credit union on itself: and
 - (ii) does not include a cheque drawn by a building society or credit union on a Bank;
 - (f) "Bank Guarantee" means each bank guarantee or deposit bond held by or on behalf of the Seller which has been provided on behalf of a Tenant to secure that Tenant's obligations under its Lease;
 - "Building Inspector" means a person licensed to carry out completed commercial building inspections under the Queensland Building and Construction Commission Regulation 2018;
 - (h) "Business Day" means a day other than:
 - (i) a Saturday or Sunday;
 - (ii) a public holiday or special holiday in the Place for Settlement; and
 - iii) a day in the period 27 to 31 December (inclusive);
 - (i) "CGT Withholding Amount" means the amount determined under section 14-200(3)(a) of the Withholding Law or, if a copy is provided to the Buyer prior to settlement, a lesser amount specified in a variation notice under section 14-235;
 - (j) "Contract Date" or "Date of Contract" means:
 - the date inserted in the Reference Schedule as the Contract Date; or
 - (ii) if no date is inserted, the date on which the last party signs this contract;
 - (k) "Contractor" means any party performing services under a Service Agreement;
 - (I) "Court" includes any tribunal established under statute;
 - (m) "Digitally Sign" and "Digital Signature" have the meaning in the ECNL;
 - (n) "ECNL" means the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (Queensland);
 - (o) "Electronic Conveyancing Documents" has the meaning in the Land Title Act 1994;
 - (p) "Electronic Lodgement" means lodgement of a document in the Land Registry in accordance with the ECNL:
 - (q) "Electronic Settlement" means settlement facilitated by an ELNO System;
 - (r) "Electronic Signature" means an electronic method of signing that identifies the person and indicates their intention to sign the contract;
 - (s) "Electronic Workspace" means a shared electronic workspace within the ELNO System nominated by the Seller that allows the Buyer and Seller to effect Electronic Lodgement and Financial Settlement;
 - (t) "ELNO" has the meaning in the ECNL;
 - (u) "ELNO System" means a system provided by an ELNO capable of facilitating Financial Settlement and Electronic Lodgement in Queensland;

- (v) "Encumbrances" includes:
 - (i) registered encumbrances;
 - (ii) Unregistered Encumbrances; and
 - (iii) Security Interests;
- (w) "Enforcement Notice" means any valid notice or order by any competent authority or Court requiring work to be done or money spent in relation to the Property;
- x) "Essential Term" includes, in the case of breach by:
 - (i) the Buyer: clauses 2.1, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 5.1 and 6.1;
 - (ii) the Seller: clauses 3.2, 3.3, 5.5(1) and 6.1;
 - but nothing in this definition precludes a Court from finding other terms to be essential;
- (y) "Extension Notice" means a notice under clause 6.2(1);
- (z) "Financial Institution" means a Bank, building society or credit union;
- (aa) "Financial Settlement" means the exchange of value between Financial Institutions facilitated by an ELNO System in accordance with the Financial Settlement Schedule:
- (bb) "Financial Settlement Schedule" means the electronic settlement schedule within the Electronic Workspace listing the source accounts and destination accounts;
- (cc) "GST" means the goods and services tax under the GST Act:
- (dd) "GST Act" means A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (Cth) and includes other GST related legislation;
- (ee) "GST Withholding Amount" means the amount (if any) determined under section 14-250 of the Withholding Law required to be paid to the Commissioner of Taxation.
- (ff) "Improvements" means all fixed structures on the Lot (such as fixed plant and equipment, carpets, curtains, blinds and their fittings and in-ground plants) and includes all items fixed to them but does not include the Reserved Items or any fixtures and fittings which a Tenant is entitled to remove;
- (gg) "Keys" means keys, codes or devices in the Seller's possession or control for all locks or security systems on the Property or necessary to access the Property;
- (hh) "Leases" means the leases, licences or other rights of occupancy of the Lot:
 - (i) referred to in the Lease Schedule (if applicable);
 - (ii) granted by the Seller with the Buyer's consent under clause 10.5;
- "Lease Documents" means all agreements, deeds of covenant and other documents (including Lease Guarantees) relating to the Leases;
- "Lease Guarantees" means each guarantee or indemnity given in relation to a Lease including a Security Deposit, Bank Guarantee or personal or corporate guarantee;
- (kk) "Outgoings" means:
 - (i) rates or charges on the Lot by any competent authority (for example, council rates, water rates, fire service levies) but excludes land tax if the Reference Schedule provides that No adjustment is to be made for land tax; and
 - (ii) all other outgoings with respect to the Property (but excluding insurance premiums);

[Note: the definition of Outgoings is modified by clauses 13.2(2)(a) and 14.2(2)(a) where applicable]

(II) "Pest Inspector" means a person licensed to undertake termite inspections on completed buildings under the

Queensland Building and Construction Commission Regulation 2018;

(mm) "Place for Settlement" means:

- (i) where the Seller is represented by a solicitor who has an office in Queensland, the city or town in Queensland in which the office of the Seller's Solicitor is located:
- (ii) otherwise, within the Brisbane Central Business District;
- (nn) "PPSR" means the Personal Property Securities Register established under Personal Property Securities Act 2009 (Cth);
- (oo) "Property" means:
 - (i) the Lot;
 - (ii) the Improvements; and
 - (iii) the Included Chattels:

[Note: the definition of Property is modified by clause 13.2(2)(b) or 14.2(2)(b) where applicable]

- (pp) "Proposed Dealing" has the meaning in clause 10.5(1);
- (qq) "Rent" means any periodic amount, including Outgoings, payable under the Leases;
- (rr) "Reserved Items" means the Excluded Fixtures and all chattels on the Lot other than the Included Chattels and Tenant's fixtures and fittings;
- (ss) "Security Deposits" means cash amounts held by or on behalf of the Seller to secure a Tenant's obligations under a Lease;
- (tt) "Security Interests" means all security interests registered on the PPSR over Included Chattels and Improvements;
- (uu) "Seller Disclosure Statement" means the disclosure statement and prescribed certificates given by the Seller to the Buyer under section 99(1) of the *Property Law Act* 2023 (if applicable) before the Buyer signed this contract;
- (w) "Service Agreement" means any agreement between the Seller and another party in connection with services performed for the benefit of the Property and set out in the Service Agreement Schedule (if applicable);
- (ww) "Services" means infrastructure for the provision of services including water, gas, electricity, telecommunications, sewerage or drainage;
- (xx) "Site Value" means:
 - in the case of non-rural land, the site value under the Land Valuation Act 2010; or
 - in the case of rural land, the unimproved value under the Land Valuation Act 2010;
- (yy) "Tenant" means a tenant under a Lease;
- (zz) "Transfer Documents" means:
 - (i) the form of transfer under the Land Title Act 1994 required to transfer title in the Lot to the Buyer;
 - (ii) any other document to be signed by the Seller necessary for stamping or registering the transfer;
- (aaa) "Transport Infrastructure" has the meaning defined in the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994;
- (bbb) "Unregistered Encumbrance" has the meaning in the Property Law Regulation 2024; and
- (ccc) "Withholding Law" means Schedule 1 to the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth).

2. DEPOSIT

2.1 Payment of Deposit

- (1) The Buyer must pay the Deposit to the Deposit Holder at the times shown in the Reference Schedule. The Deposit Holder will hold the Deposit until a party becomes entitled to it.
- (2) The Buyer will be in default if it:
 - (a) does not pay the Deposit when required;
 - (b) pays the Deposit by a post-dated cheque; or
 - pays the Deposit by cheque which is dishonoured on presentation.

- (3) Subject to clause 2.1(4), if the Buyer:
 - effects an electronic transaction to pay all or part of the Deposit to the account of Deposit Holder on a day;
 - provides written evidence to the Deposit Holder that the electronic transaction has occurred; and
 - (c) does not take any action to defer the payment to the Deposit Holder to a later day,

the payment is taken to be received by the Deposit Holder on the day the Buyer effects the electronic transaction even if, because of circumstances beyond the Buyer's control, the payment to the Deposit Holder's account happens on a later day.

- (4) If the Buyer has complied with clause 2.1(3) but the Deposit Holder has not received the payment by the due date:
 - the Seller may give the Buyer notice that the payment has not been received by the Deposit Holder; and
 - (b) if the payment has not been paid into the account of the Deposit Holder by 5pm on the date 2 Business Days after the Seller's notice under clause 2.1(4)(a) is given to the Buyer then clause 2.1(3) will not apply and the Buyer will be in default.
- (5) The Seller may recover from the Buyer as a liquidated debt any part of the Deposit which is not paid when required.

2.2 Investment of Deposit

lf:

- (1) the Deposit Holder is instructed by either the Seller or the Buyer; and
- (2) it is lawful to do so;

the Deposit Holder must:

- (3) invest as much of the Deposit as has been paid with any Financial Institution in an interest-bearing account in the names of the parties;
- provide the parties' tax file numbers to the Financial Institution (if they have been supplied); and
- (5) provide the parties with an account statement in respect of the account in which the Deposit is held:
 - (a) at 30 June of each year; and
 - (b) when the Deposit Holder pays the Deposit to the party entitled to it.

2.3 Entitlement to Deposit and Interest

- 1) The party entitled to receive the Deposit is:
 - (a) if this contract settles, the Seller;
 - (b) if this contract is terminated without default by the Buyer, the Buyer; and
 - (c) if this contract is terminated owing to the Buyer's default,
- (2) The interest on the Deposit must be paid to the person who is entitled to the Deposit.
- (3) The person who is entitled to the Deposit is presently entitled to the interest on the Deposit. Until settlement or termination of this contract, the Seller is presently entitled to the interest on the Deposit.
- (4) If this contract is terminated, and the Buyer is entitled to the Deposit:
 - the Buyer must reimburse the Seller for any tax paid by the Seller as a result of an earlier present entitlement to interest on the Deposit; and
 - (b) the Buyer has no further claim once it receives the Deposit and any interest on the Deposit, unless the termination is due to the Seller's default or breach of warranty
- The Deposit is invested at the risk of the party who is ultimately entitled to it.

3. PURCHASE PRICE

3.1 Payment of Balance Purchase Price

On the Settlement Date, the Buyer must pay the Balance Purchase Price:

- (a) for an Electronic Settlement, by electronic funds transfer as directed by the Seller's Solicitor and/or the Seller's mortgagee in the Financial Settlement Schedule; or
- otherwise, by Bank Cheque as the Seller or the Seller's Solicitor directs.

3.2 Foreign Residents Capital Gains Tax Withholding

- (1) Clause 3.2 applies if both the following apply:
 - the sale is not an excluded transaction under s14-215 of the Withholding Law; and
 - (b) the Seller has not given the Buyer on or before settlement for each person comprising the Seller either:
 - (i) an ATO Clearance Certificate; or
 - a variation notice under s14-235 of the Withholding Law, which remains current at the Settlement Date, varying the CGT Withholding Amount to nil.
- (2) The Buyer must lodge a Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding Purchaser Notification Form with the ATO for each person comprising the Buyer and give copies to the Seller with the payment reference numbers (PRN) on or before settlement.
- (3) If settlement is to be effected by Electronic Settlement, at settlement the Financial Settlement Schedule must specify payment of the CGT Withholding Amount to the account nominated by the Commissioner of Taxation.
- (4) If settlement is not an Electronic Settlement:
 - (a) for clause 3.1(b), the Seller irrevocably directs the Buyer to draw a Bank Cheque for the CGT Withholding Amount in favour of the Commissioner of Taxation or, if the Buyer's Solicitor requests, the Buyer's Solicitor's Trust Account;
 - the Seller must return the Bank Cheque in paragraph (a) to the Buyer's Solicitor (or if there is no Buyer's Solicitor, the Buyer) at settlement; and
 - (c) the Buyer must pay the CGT Withholding Amount to the ATO in accordance with section 14-200 of the Withholding Law and give the Seller evidence that it has done so within 2 Business Days of settlement occurring.
- (5) For clause 3.2(1) and section 14-215 of the Withholding Law, the market value of the CGT asset is taken to be the Purchase Price less any GST included in the Purchase Price for which the Buyer is entitled to an input tax credit unless:
 - the Property includes items in addition to the Lot and Improvements; and
 - (b) no later than 2 Business Days before the Settlement Date, the Seller gives the Buyer a valuation of the Lot and Improvements prepared by a registered valuer,

in which case the market value of the Lot and Improvements will be as stated in the valuation.

3.3 GST Withholding

- (1) If the Buyer is required to pay the GST Withholding Amount to the Commissioner of Taxation at settlement pursuant to section 14-250 of the Withholding Law:
 - (a) the Seller must give the Buyer a notice in accordance with section 14-255(1) of the Withholding Law;
 - (b) prior to settlement the Buyer must lodge with the ATO:
 - (i) a GST Property Settlement Withholding Notification form ("Form 1"); and
 - (ii) a GST Property Settlement Date Confirmation form ("Form 2");
 - (c) on or before settlement, the Buyer must give the Seller copies of:
 - (i) the Form 1;
 - (ii) confirmation from the ATO that the Form 1 has been lodged specifying the Buyer's lodgement reference number and payment reference number;
 - (iii) confirmation from the ATO that the Form 2 has been lodged; and
 - (iv) a completed ATO payment slip for the Withholding Amount;
- (2) The Buyer is taken to have complied with clause 3.3(1)(b) and 3.3(1)(c) if the Form 1 is lodged through the Electronic Workspace and the Form 2 is shown as pending settlement (however described).
- If settlement is to be effected by Electronic Settlement, at settlement the Financial Settlement Schedule must specify

- payment of the GST Withholding Amount to the account nominated by the Commissioner of Taxation.
- (4) If settlement is not an Electronic Settlement:
 - (a) the Seller irrevocably directs the Buyer to draw a Bank Cheque for the GST Withholding Amount in favour of the Commissioner of Taxation and deliver it to the Seller at settlement; and
 - (b) the Seller must pay the GST Withholding Amount to the ATO in compliance with section 14-250 of the Withholding Law promptly after settlement.
- (5) The Buyer warrants that the statements made by the Buyer in the Reference Schedule under GST Withholding Obligations are true and correct.

3.4 Adjustments

- Rent and Outgoings must be apportioned between the parties in accordance with clauses 3.4, 3.5 and 3.6 and any adjustments paid and received on settlement so that:
 - (a) the Seller is liable for Outgoings and is entitled to Rent up to and including the Settlement Date; and.
 - (b) the Buyer is liable for Outgoings and is entitled to Rent after the Settlement Date.
- (2) Upon written request by the Buyer, the Seller will, before settlement, give the Buyer a written statement, supported by reasonable evidence, of:
 - all Outgoings and all Rent for the Property to the extent they are not capable of discovery by search or enquiry at any office of public record or pursuant to the provisions of any statute; and
 - (b) any other information which the Buyer may reasonably require for the purpose of calculating or apportioning any Outgoings or Rent under this clause 3.4.

If the Seller becomes aware of a change to the information provided the Seller will as soon as practicable provide the updated information to the Buyer.

3.5 Outgoings

- (1) Subject to clauses 3.5(2), 3.5(4), 3.5(5) and 3.5(6), Outgoings for periods including the Settlement Date must be adjusted:
 - (a) for those paid, on the amount paid;
 - (b) for those assessed but unpaid, on the amount payable (excluding any discount); and
 - (c) for those not assessed:
 - (i) on the amount the relevant authority advises will be assessed (excluding any discount); or
 - (ii) if no advice on the assessment to be made is available, on the amount of the latest separate assessment (excluding any discount).
- (2) If there is no separate assessment of rates for the Lot at the Settlement Date and the Local Government informs the Buyer that it will not apportion rates between the Buyer and the Seller, then:
 - (a) the amount of rates to be adjusted is that proportion of the assessment equal to the ratio of the area of the Lot to the area of the parcel in the assessment; and
 - (b) if an assessment of rates includes charges imposed on a "per lot" basis, then the portion of those charges to be adjusted is the amount assessed divided by the number of lots in that assessment.
- (3) The Seller is liable for land tax assessed on the Lot for the financial year current at the Settlement Date. If land tax is unpaid at the Settlement Date and the Queensland Revenue Office advises that it will issue a final clearance for the Lot on payment of a specified amount, then:
 - if settlement is to be effected by Electronic Settlement, at settlement the Financial Settlement Schedule must specify payment of the specified amount to the account nominated by the Commissioner of State Revenue;
 - (b) otherwise, the Seller irrevocably directs the Buyer to draw a Bank Cheque for the specified amount from the Balance Purchase Price at settlement and the Buyer must pay it promptly to the Queensland Revenue Office.
- (4) If the Reference Schedule states that:
 - (a) Land tax is to be adjusted on a single holding basis, land tax must be adjusted on the assessment that the

- Queensland Revenue Office would issue to the Seller for the land tax year current at the Settlement Date if the Lot was the Seller's only land; or
- (b) Land tax is to be adjusted on the Seller's actual land tax liability, land tax must be adjusted on the actual assessment that the Queensland Revenue Office has issued or will issue to the Seller for the land tax year current at the Settlement Date.
- (5) For clause 3.5(4), if there is no separate Site Value for the Lot, the land tax for the Lot shall be calculated on a notional Site Value equal to:

SV x <u>LA</u> PA

where:

SV means the Site Value of the land which includes the Lot and has a separate Site Value (the "Parent Lot")

LA means the area of the Lot

PA means the area of the Parent Lot

[Note: this clause is modified by clauses 13.4 and 14.4 where applicable]

- (6) Any Outgoings assessable on the amount of water used must be adjusted on the charges that would be assessed on the total water usage for the assessment period, determined by assuming that the actual rate of usage shown by the meter reading made before settlement continues throughout the assessment period. The Buyer must obtain and pay for the meter reading.
- (7) If any Outgoings are assessed but unpaid at the Settlement Date, then:
 - if settlement is to be effected by Electronic Settlement, at settlement the Financial Settlement Schedule must specify payment of the amount payable to the relevant authority;
 - (b) otherwise, the Seller irrevocably directs the Buyer to draw a Bank Cheque for the amount payable from the Balance Purchase Price at settlement and pay it promptly to the relevant authority.

If an amount is deducted under this clause, the relevant Outgoing will be treated as paid at the Settlement Date for the purposes of clause 3.5(1).

3.6 Rent

- Rent for any rental period ending on or before the Settlement Date belongs to the Seller and is not adjusted at settlement.
- (2) Unpaid Rent for the rental period including both the Settlement Date and the following day ("Current Period") is not adjusted until it is paid.
- (3) Rent already paid for the Current Period or beyond must be adjusted at settlement.
- (4) If Rent payments are reassessed after the Settlement Date for periods including the Settlement Date, any additional Rent payment from a Tenant or refund due to a Tenant must be apportioned under clauses 3.6(1), 3.6(2) and 3.6(3).
- (5) Payments under clause 3.6(4) must be made within 14 days after notification by one party to the other but only after any additional payment from a Tenant has been received.

3.7 Cost of Bank Cheques

If settlement is not an Electronic Settlement:

- (a) the cost of Bank Cheques payable at settlement:
 - to the Seller or its mortgagee are the responsibility of the Buyer; and
 - to parties other than the Seller or its mortgagee are the responsibility of the Seller and the Seller will reimburse this cost to the Buyer as an adjustment at settlement; and
- (b) the Seller is not entitled to require payment of the Balance Purchase Price by means other than Bank Cheque without the consent of the Buyer.

4. CONDITIONS

4.1 Finance

- This contract is conditional on the Buyer obtaining approval of a loan for the Finance Amount from the Financier by the Finance Date on terms satisfactory to the Buyer. The Buyer must take all reasonable steps to obtain approval.
- (2) The Buyer must give notice to the Seller that:

- approval has not been obtained by the Finance Date and the Buyer terminates this contract; or
- (b) the finance condition has been either satisfied or waived by the Buyer.
- The Seller may terminate this contract by notice to the Buyer if notice is not given under clause 4.1(2) by 5pm on the Finance Date. This is the Seller's only remedy for the Buyer's failure to give notice.
- (4) The Seller's right under clause 4.1(3) is subject to the Buyer's continuing right to give written notice to the Seller of satisfaction, termination or waiver pursuant to clause 4.1(2).

4.2 Building and Pest Inspection

- This contract is conditional upon the Buyer obtaining a written building report from a Building Inspector and a written pest report from a Pest Inspector (which may be a single report) on the Property by the Inspection Date on terms satisfactory to the Buyer. The Buyer must take all reasonable steps to obtain the reports (subject to the right of the Buyer to elect to obtain only one of the reports).
- (2) The Buyer must give notice to the Seller that:
 - (a) a satisfactory Inspector's report under clause 4.2(1) has not been obtained by the Inspection Date and the Buyer terminates this contract. The Buyer must act reasonably; or
 - (b) clause 4.2(1) has been either satisfied or waived by the Buyer.
- (3) If the Buyer terminates this contract and the Seller asks the Buyer for a copy of the building and pest reports, the Buyer must give a copy of each report to the Seller without delay.
- (4) The Seller may terminate this contract by notice to the Buyer if notice is not given under clause 4.2(2) by 5pm on the Inspection Date. This is the Seller's only remedy for the Buyer's failure to give notice.
- (5) The Seller's right under clause 4.2(4) is subject to the Buyer's continuing right to give written notice to the Seller of satisfaction, termination or waiver pursuant to clause 4.2(2).

4.3 Consent to Transfer of State Lease

- (1) If the Lot sold is leasehold, this contract is conditional on the Seller obtaining any necessary consent to the transfer of the lease to the Buyer by the Settlement Date.
- (2) The Seller must apply for the consent required as soon as possible.
- (3) The Buyer must do everything reasonably required to help obtain this consent.

[Note: If clause 13.3 or 14.3 applies, the contract is also conditional on the Buyer's satisfaction with the Body Corporate's records. If clause 10.1 applies, the contract is also conditional on the Buyer's satisfaction with Leases and Service Agreements]

5. SETTLEMENT

5.1 Time and Date

Settlement must occur by 4pm AEST on the Settlement Date.

5.2 Electronic Settlement

- (1) Settlement must be effected by Electronic Settlement unless the form of transfer under the Land Title Act 1994 required to transfer title in the Lot to the Buyer is not a required instrument to which section 5(1) of the Land Title Regulation 2022 applies other than as a result of section 5(2)(a)(ii).
- (2) If settlement is to be effected by Electronic Settlement:
 - (a) the Seller must nominate the ELNO System to be used for the Electronic Settlement. Despite clause 12.3(9), the Seller may nominate the ELNO System by sending or accepting an invitation to an Electronic Workspace in an ELNO System;
 - clause 5.2(2)(a) does not prevent the Buyer using an ELNO System which is interoperable with the ELNO System nominated by the Seller;
 - (c) the parties must:
 - (i) ensure that the Electronic Workspace is completed and all Electronic Conveyancing Documents and the Financial Settlement Schedule are Digitally Signed prior to settlement; and

- do everything else required in the Electronic Workspace or otherwise to enable settlement to occur on the Settlement Date;
- if the parties cannot agree on a time for settlement, the time to be nominated in the Electronic Workspace is 4pm AEST.
- (e) if any part of the Purchase Price is to be paid to discharge an Outgoing:
 - the Buyer may, by notice in writing to the Seller, require that the amount is paid to the Buyer's Solicitor's trust account and the Buyer is responsible for paying the amount to the relevant authority;
 - (ii) for amounts to be paid to destination accounts other than the Buyer's Solicitor's trust account, the Seller must give the Buyer a copy of the current account for the Outgoing to enable the Buyer to verify the destination account details in the Financial Settlement Schedule;
- (f) if the Deposit is required to discharge any Encumbrance or pay an Outgoing at settlement:
 - (i) the Deposit Holder must, if directed by the Seller at least 2 Business Days before settlement, pay the Deposit (and any interest accrued on investment of the Deposit) less commission as clear funds to the Seller's Solicitor;
 - the Buyer and the Seller authorise the Deposit Holder to make the payment in clause 5.2(2)(f)(i);
 - (iii) the Seller's Solicitor will hold the money as Deposit Holder under the Contract;
 - (iv) the Seller and Buyer authorise the Seller's Solicitor to pay the money as directed by the Seller in accordance with the Financial Settlement Schedule:
- each party must pay its own fees and charges of using the relevant ELNO System for Electronic Settlement;
- (h) a party is not in default to the extent it is prevented from complying with an obligation because the other party or the other party's Financial Institution has done or not done something in the Electronic Workspace (for example, failing to complete details necessary to enable the other party to complete or sign the Electronic Workspace);
- any rights under the contract or at law to terminate the contract may not be exercised during the time the Electronic Workspace is locked for Electronic Settlement;
- Electronic Settlement is taken to occur when Financial Settlement is effected, whether or not Electronic Lodgement has occurred.

5.3 Place for Settlement

- An Electronic Settlement will be deemed to take place in the Place for Settlement.
- (2) If the settlement is not an Electronic Settlement, subject to clause 5.3(3), settlement must be effected in the Place for Settlement at the office of a solicitor, Financial Institution or settlement agent nominated by the Seller.
- (3) If the Seller has not nominated an office under clause 5.3(2) or the parties have not otherwise agreed where settlement is to occur by 5pm on the date 2 Business Days before the Settlement Date, section 76(2)(b) of the Property Law Act 2023 applies.

5.4 Transfer Documents

If the settlement is not an Electronic Settlement:

- the Transfer Documents must be prepared by the Buyer and delivered to the Seller a reasonable time before the Settlement Date; and
- (b) if the Buyer pays the Seller's reasonable expenses, it may require the Seller to produce the Transfer Documents at the Queensland Revenue Office nearest the Place for Settlement for stamping before settlement.

5.5 Documents and Keys at Settlement

- In exchange for payment of the Balance Purchase Price and the documents to be provided by the Buyer under clause 13.6 or 14.6 (if applicable), the Seller must deliver to the Buyer at settlement:
 - unstamped Transfer Documents capable of immediate registration after stamping; and
 - (b) any instrument necessary to release any Encumbrance over the Property in compliance with the Seller's obligation in clause 7.2; and
 - (c) if requested by the Buyer not less than 2 Business Days before the Settlement Date, the Keys;
 - (d) if there are Leases or Service Agreements:
 - the Seller's copy of all Lease Documents and Service Agreements;
 - (ii) a notice to each Tenant and Contractor advising of the sale and assignment of rights under this contract in the form required by law (if applicable);
 - (iii) any notice required by law to transfer to the Buyer the Seller's interest in any Lease Guarantee assigned to the Buyer under this contract; and
 - (e) a copy of the certificate of occupancy appropriate to the use of the Property (if the Improvements may not be lawfully occupied unless the certificate has issued);
 - (f) all plans and drawings relating to the construction of the Improvements on the Lot in the possession or control of the Seller:
 - (g) all documents in the possession and control of the Seller which the Buyer would reasonably require to enable the Buyer to manage the Property and to prepare income tax returns; and
 - (h) if clause 11.8 applies, a Tax Invoice.
- (2) If the Keys are not required to be delivered at Settlement under clause 5.5(1)(c), the Seller must deliver the Keys to the Buyer on or before settlement. The Seller may discharge its obligation under this provision by authorising the Seller's Agent to release the Keys to the Buyer.
- (3) For an Electronic Settlement, the Seller will be taken to have complied with clause 5.5(1) if:
 - in relation to documents which are suitable for Electronic Lodgement in the Land Registry at settlement, the documents are Digitally Signed within the Electronic Workspace; and
 - (b) in relation to any other document or thing, the Seller's Solicitor:
 - (i) confirms in writing prior to settlement that it holds all relevant documents which are not suitable for Electronic Lodgement and all Keys (if requested under clause 5.5(1)(c)) in escrow on the terms contained in the QLS E-Conveyancing Guidelines; and
 - (ii) gives a written undertaking to send the documents and Keys (if applicable) to the Buyer or Buyer's Solicitor no later than 2 Business Days after settlement: and
 - (iii) if requested by the Buyer, provides copies of documents in the Seller's Solicitor's possession.

5.6 Assignment of Covenants and Warranties

At settlement, the Seller assigns to the Buyer the benefit of all:

- (1) covenants by the Tenants under the Leases;
- (2) Lease Guarantees;
- (3) the Seller's rights under the Service Agreements;
- (4) manufacturers' warranties regarding the Included Chattels; and
- (5) builders' warranties on the Improvements, to the extent they are assignable. However, the right to recover arrears of Rent is not assigned to the Buyer and section 140 of the *Property Law Act 2023* does not apply.

5.7 Lease Guarantees

- (1) On settlement, the Seller will:
 - allow as a deduction from the Balance Purchase Price any Security Deposit received by the Seller from any Tenant and retained by the Seller;
 - (b) transfer control to the Buyer over any trust account or fund held on trust for Tenants as Security Deposits; and
 - (c) assign to the Buyer, Bank Guarantees held in respect of any Tenant. If any Bank Guarantee is not assignable, the Seller will enforce the Bank Guarantee at the written direction and expense of the Buyer for the Buyer's benefit.
- (2) The Buyer indemnifies the Seller in respect of claims by Tenants for the return of Bank Guarantees or Security Deposits which are dealt with under clause 5.7(1).

5.8 Possession of Property

On the Settlement Date, in exchange for the Balance Purchase Price, the Seller must give the Buyer vacant possession of the Lot and the Improvements except for the Leases.

5.9 Title to Included Chattels

Title to the Included Chattels passes at settlement.

5.10 Removal of Reserved Items

- The Seller must remove the Reserved Items from the Property before settlement.
- (2) The Seller must repair at its expense any damage done to the Property in removing the Reserved Items. If the Seller fails to do so, the Buyer may repair that damage.
- (3) Any Reserved Items not removed before settlement will be considered abandoned and the Buyer may, without limiting its other rights, complete this contract and appropriate those Reserved Items or dispose of them in any way.
- (4) The Seller indemnifies the Buyer against any damages and expenses resulting from the Buyer's actions under clauses 5.10(2) or 5.10(3).

6. TIME

6.1 Time of the Essence

Time is of the essence of this contract, except regarding any agreement between the parties on a time of day for settlement before 4pm.

6.2 Extension of Settlement Date

- (1) Despite clause 6.1, either party may, at any time up to 4pm on the Settlement Date, extend the Settlement Date by giving a notice under this clause (an "Extension Notice") nominating a new date for settlement which must be no later than 5 Business Days after the Scheduled Settlement Date.
- (2) The Settlement Date will be the date specified in the Extension Notice and time is of the essence in respect of this date.
- (3) More than one Extension Notice may be given under clause 6.2(1) but the new date for settlement nominated in an Extension Notice may not be a date later than 5 Business Days after the Scheduled Settlement Date.
- (4) In this clause 6.2, "Scheduled Settlement Date" means the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Schedule as extended:
 - (a) under section 79, 80 or 81 of the Property Law Act 2023;
 - (b) under clause 6.3; or
 - (c) by agreement of the parties,

but excluding any extension of the Settlement Date as a result of the operation of this clause 6.2.

6.3 Extension of Settlement Date - Late Unsigning

lf:

- (a) the Settlement is an Electronic Settlement;
- (b) the unsigning of a party to the Electronic Workspace occurs between 3pm and 4pm on the Settlement Date due to a change made to the Electronic Workspace by another party to the Electronic Workspace;
- (c) any party to the Electronic Workspace has not re-signed the Workspace by 4pm; and
- (d) the Settlement Date has not previously been extended under this clause 6.3.

the Settlement Date will be automatically extended to the following Business Day, unless otherwise agreed by the Buyer and Seller and time is of the essence in respect of this date.

7. MATTERS AFFECTING THE PROPERTY

7.1 Title

The Lot is sold subject to:

- any reservations or conditions on the title or the original Deed of Grant (if freehold); or
- (b) the Conditions of the State Lease (if leasehold).

7.2 Encumbrances

The Property is sold free of all Encumbrances other than the Title Encumbrances and Leases.

7.3 Requisitions

The Buyer may not deliver any requisitions or enquiries on title.

7.4 Seller's Warranties

- Subject to clause 7.8, the Seller warrants that, at the Contract Date:
 - there is no outstanding enforcement notice under section 248 of the *Building Act 1975* or section 168 of the *Planning Act 2016* that affects the Property;
 - (b) there is no outstanding show cause notice under section 246AG(1) or 247 of the *Building Act 1975* or section 167 of the *Planning Act 2016* that affects the Property;
 - (c) the Seller has not received any other communication from a competent authority that may lead to the issue of a notice referred to in clause 7.4(1)(a) or 7.4(1)(b) or an Enforcement Notice;
 - there are no current or threatened claims or proceedings which may lead to a Court order or writ of execution affecting the Property;
 - (e) there is no outstanding obligation on the Seller to give notice to the administering authority under the Environmental Protection Act 1994 of a notifiable activity being conducted on the Lot; and
 - (f) the Seller is not aware of any facts or circumstances that may lead to the Lot being classified as contaminated land within the meaning of the Environmental Protection Act 1994.
- (2) Subject to clause 7.8, the Seller warrants that, at settlement:
 - (a) if the Lot is freehold: it will be the registered owner of an estate in fee simple in the Lot and will own the rest of the Property;
 - (b) if the Lot is leasehold: it will be the registered lessee, the lease is not liable to forfeiture because of default under the lease, and it will own the rest of the Property;
 - it will be capable of completing this contract (unless the Seller dies or becomes mentally incapable after the Contract Date); and
 - (d) there will be no unsatisfied Court order or writ of execution affecting the Property.
- (3) Subject to clause 7.8, if the Seller breaches a warranty in clause 7.4(1) or 7.4(2), without limiting any other remedy, the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given before settlement.
- (4) The Seller does not warrant that the Present Use is lawful.

7.5 Survey and Mistake

- (1) The Buyer may survey the Lot.
- (2) If:
 - (a) there is an error in the boundaries or area of the Lot;
 - (b) there is an encroachment by structures onto or from the Lot;
 - (c) there are Services that pass through the Lot which do not service the Lot and are not protected by any Encumbrance to which this sale is subject; or
 - (d) there is a mistake or omission in this contract in describing the Property or the Seller's title to it,

which is material, the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given before settlement.

- (3) If a matter referred to in clause 7.5(2) is:
 - (a) immaterial; or
 - (b) material, but the Buyer elects to complete this contract, the Buyer's only remedy against the Seller is for compensation, but only if claimed by the Buyer in writing on or before settlement.

(4) The Buyer may not delay settlement or withhold any part of the Balance Purchase Price because of any compensation claim under clause 7.5(3).

7.6 Requirements of Authorities

- (1) Any Enforcement Notice issued before the Contract Date must be fully complied with by the Seller before the Settlement Date unless details of the Enforcement Notice were disclosed to the Buyer in accordance with clause 7.8.
- (2) If the Seller fails to comply with clause 7.6(1), the Buyer is entitled to claim the reasonable cost of complying with the Enforcement Notice from the Seller after settlement as a debt.
- 3) The Buyer must comply with any Enforcement Notice:
 - (a) issued on or after the Contract Date; or
 - (b) issued before the Contract Date if details of the Enforcement Notice were disclosed to the Buyer in accordance with clause 7.8.
- (4) However, if any Enforcement Notice referred to in clause 7.6(3) is required to be complied with before the Settlement Date:
 - (a) the Seller must comply with the Enforcement Notice; and
 - (b) at settlement, the Buyer must pay the reasonable costs incurred by the Seller in doing so,

unless the Buyer directs the Seller not to and indemnifies the Seller against any liability incurred for failure to comply with the Enforcement Notice.

5) Nothing in this clause 7.6 limits any claim for a breach of the Seller's warranties in clauses 7.4(1)(a), (b) and (c).

7.7 Property Adversely Affected

- (1) Subject to clause 7.8, if at the Contract Date:
 - (a) the Present Use is not lawful under the relevant planning scheme:
 - (b) the Lot is affected by a proposal of any competent authority to alter the dimensions of any Transport Infrastructure or locate Transport Infrastructure on the Lot:
 - (c) access to the Lot passes unlawfully through other land;
 - (d) any Services to the Lot which pass through other land are not protected by a registered easement, building management statement or by statutory authority;
 - (e) any competent authority has issued a current notice of intention to resume regarding any part of the Lot;
 - (f) there is an outstanding condition of a development approval attaching to the Lot under section 73 of the Planning Act 2016 or section 96 of the Economic Development Queensland Act 2012 which, if complied with, would constitute a material mistake or omission in the Seller's title under clause 7.5(2)(d);
 - (g) the Property is affected by the Queensland Heritage Act 1992 or is included in the World Heritage List; or
 - (h) the Property is declared acquisition land under the Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011,

the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given before settlement.

(2) If the Buyer settles this contract, the Buyer will be treated as having accepted the Property subject to all of the matters referred to in clause 7.7(1).

7.8 Effect of Pre-Contract Disclosure

- Clauses 7.4(1), 7.4(2), 7.5, 7.6(1) and 7.7 do not apply to the extent that any relevant fact or circumstance has been disclosed by the Seller to the Buyer:
 - (a) in this contract; or
 - (b) in the Seller Disclosure Statement; or
 - (c) otherwise in writing before the Buyer signed this contract.
- (2) If the Seller is required to comply with section 99 of the Property Law Act 2023 in relation to this contract:
 - (a) the Buyer may not terminate the contract under clause 7.4(3) for a breach of the Seller's warranties in clauses 7.4(1)(a) and 7.4(1)(b); and
 - (b) clauses 7.7(1)(e) and (g) do not apply.

[Note in this case the Buyer's rights are governed by section 104 of the Property Law Act 2023]

7.9 Dividing Fences

Notwithstanding any provision in the *Neighbourhood Disputes* (*Dividing Fences and Trees*) *Act 2011*, the Seller need not contribute to the cost of building any dividing fence between the Lot and any adjoining land owned by it. The Buyer waives any right to claim contribution from the Seller.

7.10 Authority for Buyer's Searches

The Seller authorises the Buyer to inspect records held by any authority, including Security Interests on the PPSR, relating to the Property.

8. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS UNTIL SETTLEMENT

8.1 Risk

The Property is at the Buyer's risk from 5pm on the first Business Day after the Contract Date.

8.2 Access

After reasonable notice to the Seller, the Buyer and its consultants may enter the Property:

- (1) once to read any meter;
- (2) for inspections under clause 4.2;
- (3) once to value the Property; and
- (4) once to inspect the Property before settlement.

8.3 Seller's Obligations After Contract Date

- (1) The Seller must use the Property reasonably until settlement. The Seller must not do anything regarding the Property, the Leases or Service Agreements that may significantly alter them or result in later expense for the Buyer.
- (2) The Seller must promptly upon receiving any notice, proceeding or order that affects the Property or requires work or expenditure on the Property, give a copy to the Buyer.
- (3) Without limiting clause 8.3(1), the Seller must not without the prior written consent of the Buyer, give any notice or seek or consent to any order that affects the Property or make any agreement affecting the Property that binds the Buyer.

8.4 Information Regarding the Property

Upon written request of the Buyer but in any event before settlement, the Seller must give the Buyer:

- (1) copies of all documents relating to any unregistered interests in the Property;
- full details of the Leases and Service Agreements to allow the Buyer to properly manage the Property after settlement;
- sufficient details (including the date of birth of each Seller who is an individual) to enable the Buyer to undertake a search of the PPSR;
- (4) the Local Government rate account number for the Lot; and
- (5) further copies or details if those previously given cease to be complete and accurate.

8.5 Possession Before Settlement

If possession is given before settlement:

- the Buyer must maintain the Property in substantially its condition at the date of possession, fair wear and tear excepted:
- (2) entry into possession is under a licence personal to the Buyer revocable at any time and does not:
 - (a) create a relationship of landlord and tenant; or
 - (b) waive the Buyer's rights under this contract;
- the Buyer must insure the Property to the Seller's satisfaction; and
- (4) the Buyer indemnifies the Seller against any expense or damages incurred by the Seller as a result of the Buyer's possession of the Property.

9. PARTIES' DEFAULT

9.1 Seller and Buyer May Affirm or Terminate

- (1) If the Seller or Buyer, as the case may be, fails to comply with an Essential Term, or makes a fundamental breach of an intermediate term, the Seller (in the case of the Buyer's default) or the Buyer (in the case of the Seller's default) may affirm or terminate this contract under this clause.
- (2) Clause 9.1 does not limit any other right or remedy of the parties including those under this Contract or any right at law or in equity.

9.2 If Seller Affirms

If the Seller affirms this contract under clause 9.1, it may sue the Buyer for:

- (1) damages;
- (2) specific performance; or
- (3) damages and specific performance.

9.3 If Buyer Affirms

If the Buyer affirms this contract under clause 9.1, it may sue the Seller for:

- (1) damages;
- (2) specific performance; or
- (3) damages and specific performance.

9.4 If Seller Terminates

If the Seller terminates this contract under clause 9.1, it may do all or any of the following:

- (1) resume possession of the Property;
- (2) forfeit the Deposit and any interest earned;
- (3) sue the Buyer for damages;
- (4) resell the Property.

9.5 If Buyer Terminates

If the Buyer terminates this contract under clause 9.1, it may do all or any of the following:

- (1) recover the Deposit and any interest earned;
- (2) sue the Seller for damages.

9.6 Seller's Resale

- (1) If the Seller terminates this contract and resells the Property, the Seller may recover from the Buyer as liquidated damages:
 - (a) any deficiency in price on a resale; and
 - (b) its expenses connected with any repossession, any failed attempt to resell, and the resale;

provided the resale settles within 2 years of termination of this contract.

(2) Any profit on a resale belongs to the Seller.

9.7 Seller's Damages

The Seller may claim damages for any loss it suffers as a result of the Buyer's default, including its legal costs on an indemnity basis.

9.8 Buyer's Damages

The Buyer may claim damages for any loss it suffers as a result of the Seller's default, including its legal costs on an indemnity basis.

9.9 Interest on Late Payments

- (1) The Buyer must pay interest at the Default Interest Rate:
 - (a) on any amount payable under this contract which is not paid when due; and
 - (b) on any judgement for money payable under this contract.
- (2) Interest continues to accrue:
 - (a) under clause 9.9(1)(a), from the date it is due until paid; and
 - (b) under clause 9.9(1)(b), from the date of judgement until paid.
- (3) Any amount payable under clause 9.9(1)(a) in respect of a period prior to settlement must be paid by the Buyer at settlement. If this contract is terminated or if any amount remains unpaid after settlement, interest continues to accrue.
- (4) Nothing in this clause affects any other rights of the Seller under this contract or at law.

10. LEASES AND SERVICE AGREEMENTS

10.1 Buyer's Satisfaction with Leases and Service Agreements

- (1) If there are Leases or Service Agreements, the Seller must produce to the Buyer's Solicitor within 7 days after the Contract Date:
 - copies of all Lease Documents and Service Agreements; and
 - (b) a statement of the Rent and arrears of Rent for each Lease (current at the Contract Date).
- (2) If the Seller does not comply with clause 10.1(1), the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given no later than 14 days after the Contract Date.
- (3) If the Buyer is not satisfied with the terms of the Lease Documents or Service Agreements or with the statement delivered under clause 10.1(1), it may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given no later than 7 days after the Buyer's receipt of the last of the items delivered under clause 10.1(1).
- 4) If the Buyer does not terminate the contract under clause 10.1(2) or10.1(3), the Buyer will be treated as having accepted and agreed to be bound by the Leases and Service Agreements.

10.2 Leases and Service Agreements

The Seller states that details of all Leases and Service Agreements affecting the Property are disclosed in the Lease Schedule and Service Agreement Schedule respectively.

10.3 Lease Warranties

- (1) The Seller warrants that, except as disclosed in this contract, the following are correct at the Contract Date:
 - (a) details of the Leases set out in the Lease Schedule;
 - (b) each of the Leases is valid and subsisting;
 - (c) there is no substantial breach of a provision of any Lease;
 - there is no notice or correspondence between the Seller and any Tenant relating to Rent review or the exercise of an option for renewal;
 - (e) for each Lease, the relevant Lease Documents provided to the Buyer under clause 10.1(1) constitute the entire agreement between the Seller and each Tenant and there is no written, oral or other agreement between the Seller and any Tenant varying the terms of a Lease or granting any additional option for renewal of the term of any Lease;
 - (f) no Tenant received any incentive or inducement to enter into its initial or current Lease:
 - there is no pending litigation or arbitration between the Seller and any Tenant arising out of any of the Leases; and
 - (h) if any Lease is a retail shop lease within the meaning of the Retail Shop Leases Act 1994:
 - as far as the Seller is aware the Seller has complied with the Retail Shop Leases Act 1994 in relation to the Lease;
 - (ii) there is no existing or renewed retail tenancy dispute in relation to a Lease;
 - there are no mediation agreements, proceedings or orders in existence under the Retail Shop Leases Act 1994 in respect of a Lease;
 - (iv) no Tenant has notified the Seller requesting a right to renew any Lease for a further period; and
 - (v) no Tenant has made a claim against the Seller for compensation for loss or damage suffered by the Tenant under sections 43, 46G or 46K of the Retail Shop Leases Act 1994 and there are no circumstances existing to the Seller's knowledge which might give rise to a claim for compensation.
- (2) The Buyer may terminate this contract by notice in writing to the Seller if a warranty contained in clause 10.3(1) is inaccurate and the Buyer is materially prejudiced by that inaccuracy.

10.4 Service Agreements

- (1) The Seller:
 - (a) may terminate any Service Agreement which is not capable of assignment (subject to the provisions of the relevant Service Agreement); and
 - (b) indemnifies the Buyer against claims under the Service Agreements prior to the Settlement Date.
- (2) The Buyer:
 - assumes the obligations of the Seller under those Service Agreements which are assigned until their termination; and
 - (b) indemnifies the Seller against claims under Service Agreements after the Settlement Date.
- (3) If:
 - (a) the Seller cannot terminate a Service Agreement; or
 - (b) the Seller's rights under a Service Agreement cannot be assigned or are not effectively assigned to the Buyer;

then after settlement:

- the Buyer will perform all obligations under the Service Agreement; and
- (d) the Seller must enforce that Service Agreement at the direction of the Buyer for the Buyer's benefit at the Buyer's cost.

10.5 Seller's Obligations After Contract Date

- (1) Without limiting clause 8.3(1) and subject to this clause 10.5, the Seller must not, after the Contract Date:
 - (a) deal with the Property or any of the Leases;
 - (b) accept a surrender of any Lease;
 - (c) consent to a transfer of any Lease;
 - (d) terminate any Lease;
 - (e) forfeit, call on or enforce any Lease Guarantee;
 - (f) release any party from a Lease Guarantee;
 - (g) consent to any request by a Tenant; or
 - (h) grant or agree to grant a new lease, licence or other right of occupancy of any part of the Lot or an extension of a Lease other than where a Tenant validly exercises an option in a Lease: or
 - initiate or negotiate a Rent review or otherwise agree to vary the Rent payable under a Lease,

(each a "**Proposed Dealing**") without the Buyer's consent, unless the failure to do so would amount to a breach of the Lease by the Seller.

- (2) Despite clause 10.5(1)(i), the Seller:
 - (a) may implement a review of Rent in accordance with a calculation stated in the Lease (for example a fixed increase, specified percentage increase, a review on the basis of an independently published index of prices, costs or wages or a combination of them); and
 - (b) may initiate and conduct a market review of the Rent if failure to do so by the Settlement Date would result in a waiver or prejudice of the right to conduct the Review. However the Seller may not propose or agree to the new Rent without the Buyer's consent (which must not be unreasonably withheld or delayed).
- (3) The Seller must give the Buyer full details (including copies of all written material received from the Tenant or proposed Tenant) of each Proposed Dealing before entering into or consenting to the Proposed Dealing.
- (4) The Buyer must:
 - co-operate with the Seller and promptly notify the Seller whether it consents to a Proposed Dealing; and
 - (b) not withhold its consent to a Proposed Dealing except on reasonable grounds (or subject to reasonable conditions) which must be notified in writing to the Seller.
- (5) If any Tenant defaults in the payment of Rent, the Seller must promptly inform the Buyer in writing. The Buyer may require the Seller to do either or both of the following actions at the Seller's expense:
 - serve on the Tenant a notice of breach of covenant if required by law;
 - (b) if the Seller is legally entitled to do so, terminate the Lease by physical re-entry (subject to the provisions of the Lease).
- (6) The Seller must give the Buyer copies of any documents relating to the Leases that come into the control or possession of the Seller between the Contract Date and settlement.

11. GST

11.1 Definitions

- (1) Words and phrases defined in the GST Act have the same meaning in this contract unless the context indicates otherwise.
- A reference to a party paying an amount of GST, or receiving an Input Tax Credit, includes that amount being paid or received by its Representative Member, Joint Venture Operator or other similar person.
- 11.2 No GST is payable or Purchase Price Includes GST If the GST section of the Reference Schedule specifies that No GST is payable or Purchase Price includes GST or is not completed, this clause 11.2 applies and the Buyer is not obliged to pay any additional amount to the Seller on account of GST on the Supply of the Property.

11.3 Purchase Price Does Not Include GST

If the GST section of the Reference Schedule specifies that the Buyer must pay GST in addition to the Purchase Price, this clause 11.3 applies and the Buyer must on the Settlement Date pay to the Seller in addition to the Purchase Price an amount equivalent to the amount payable by the Seller as GST on the Supply of the Property.

11.4 Margin Scheme

If the GST section of the Reference Schedule specifies *Margin Scheme* this clause 11.4 applies and:

- the Purchase Price includes the Seller's liability for GST on the Supply of the Property. The Buyer is not obliged to pay any additional amount to the Seller on account of GST on the Supply of the Property.
- (2) the Seller:
 - (a) must apply the Margin Scheme to the Supply of the Property; and
 - (b) warrants that the Margin Scheme is able to be applied;
- if the Seller breaches clause 11.4(2)(a) or its warranty under clause 11.4(2)(b) then:
 - the Buyer may terminate this contract if it becomes aware of the breach prior to the Settlement Date;
 - (b) if the Buyer does not terminate this contract under clause 11.4(3)(a) or does not become aware of the breach until after the Settlement Date, it must pay to the Seller an amount equal to the Input Tax Credit which the Buyer will receive for GST payable for the Supply of the Property. Payment must be made when the Buyer receives the benefit of the Input Tax Credit;
 - (c) the Buyer is entitled to compensation from the Seller for any loss incurred as a result of the breach of clause 11.4(2).

11.5 Going Concern

If the GST section of the Reference Schedule specifies *Going* Concern this clause 11.5 applies and:

- (1) the Purchase Price does not include any amount for GST;
- the parties agree the Supply of the Property is a Supply (or part of a Supply) of a Going Concern;
- (3) the Seller warrants that:
 - between the Contract Date and the Settlement Date the Seller will carry on the Enterprise; and
 - (b) the Property (together with any other things that must be provided by the Seller to the Buyer at the Settlement Date under a related agreement for the same Supply) is all of the things necessary for the continued operation of the Enterprise;
- (4) the Buyer warrants that at the Settlement Date it is Registered or Required to be Registered under the GST Act;
 (5) if either of the warranties in clause 11.5(3) is breached:
 - (a) the Buyer may terminate this contract if it becomes aware of the breach prior to the Settlement Date;
 - (b) if the Buyer does not terminate this contract then, at the Settlement Date, the Buyer must pay to the Seller the amount payable by the Seller as GST on the Supply of the Property;
 - (c) if the Buyer does not become aware of the breach until after the Settlement Date, it must pay to the Seller an amount equal to the Input Tax Credit which the Buyer will receive for GST payable in respect of the Supply of the Property. Payment must be made when the Buyer receives the benefit of the Input Tax Credit;
 - (d) the Buyer is entitled to compensation from the Seller for any loss incurred as a result of the breach of the warranty:
- (6) if the warranty in clause 11.5(4) is not correct the Buyer must pay to the Seller an amount equal to the GST payable in respect of the Supply of the Property, including any interest and penalties payable by the Seller in respect of this Supply. Payment must be made at the Settlement Date or, if settlement has occurred, immediately upon receipt of a Tax Invoice in accordance with clause 11.8;
- (7) if for any reason other than a breach of a warranty by the Seller or the Buyer this transaction is not a Supply of a Going Concern, the Buyer must pay to the Seller the amount payable by the Seller as GST on the Supply of the Property. Payment must be made at the Settlement Date or, if settlement has occurred, immediately upon receipt of a Tax Invoice in accordance with clause 11.8.

11.6 Farm Land

If the GST section of the Reference Schedule specifies *Farm Land* this clause 11.6 applies and:

- the Purchase Price does not include any amount for GST;
- (2) the parties agree the Supply of the Property is a Supply (or part of a Supply) of farm land for farming;
- (3) the Seller warrants that:
 - (a) a Farming Business has been carried on the Property for at least five years preceding the day of the Supply; and
 - (b) the Farming Business will continue until the day of the Supply.
- the Buyer warrants that it intends to carry on a Farming Business on the Property;
- (5) if either of the warranties in clause 11.6(3) is breached:
 - the Buyer may terminate this contract if it becomes aware of the breach prior to the Settlement Date;
 - (b) if the Buyer does not terminate this contract then, at the Settlement Date, the Buyer must pay to the Seller the amount payable by the Seller as GST on the Supply of the Property;
 - (c) if the Buyer does not become aware of the breach until after the Settlement Date, it must pay to the Seller an amount equal to the Input Tax Credit which the Buyer will receive for GST payable in respect of the Supply of the Property. Payment must be made when the Buyer receives the benefit of the Input Tax Credit;
 - (d) the Buyer is entitled to compensation from the Seller for any loss incurred as a result of the breach of the warranty;
- (6) if the warranty in clause 11.6(4) is not correct the Buyer must pay to the Seller an amount equal to the GST payable in respect of the Supply of the Property, including any interest and payables payable by the Seller in respect of this Supply. Payment must be made at the Settlement Date or, if settlement has occurred, immediately upon receipt of a Tax Invoice in accordance with clause 11.8;
- (7) if for any reason other than a breach of a warranty by the Seller or the Buyer this transaction is not a Supply of farm land for farming, the Buyer must pay to the Seller the amount payable by the Seller as GST on the Supply of the Property. Payment must be made at the Settlement Date or, if settlement has occurred, immediately upon receipt of a Tax Invoice in accordance with clause 11.8.

11.7 Adjustments

- (1) Where this contract requires an adjustment or apportionment of Outgoings or Rent, that adjustment or apportionment must be made to:
 - the amount of the Outgoing, exclusive of any GST for which an Input Tax Credit may be claimed; and
 - (b) the amount of Rent or profit excluding an amount of GST which must be paid to the Australian Taxation Office.
- (2) The GST payable under clause 11.3 is correspondingly increased or decreased by any subsequent adjustment to the amount of GST for the Supply for which the Supplier is liable, however caused.

11.8 Tax Invoice

Where GST is payable on the Supply of the Property, the Seller must give to the Buyer a Tax Invoice at the Settlement Date or on any later date on which the Buyer is required to pay GST under clause 11.5 or 11.6.

11.9 Remedies

The remedies provided in clauses 11.4(3), 11.5(5), 11.5(6) 11.6(5) and 11.6(6) are in addition to any other remedies available to the aggrieved party.

12. GENERAL

12.1 Foreign Buyer Approval

The Buyer warrants that either:

- (a) the Buyer's purchase of the Property is not a notifiable action: or
- (b) the Buyer has received a no objection notification,

under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.

12.2 Duty

The Buyer must pay all duty on this contract.

12.3 Notices

- (1) Notices under this contract must be in writing.
- (2) Notices under this contract or notices required to be given by law may be given and received by the party's solicitor.
- (3) Notices under this contract or required to be given by law may be given by:
 - (a) delivering or posting to the other party or its solicitor; or
 - (b) sending it to the email address of the other party or its solicitor stated in the Reference Schedule (or another email address notified by the recipient to the sender).
- (4) Subject to clause 12.3(5), a notice given after this contract is entered into in accordance with clause 12.3(3) will be treated as given:
 - (a) 5 Business Days after posting; or
 - (b) if sent by email, at the time it is sent.
- (5) Notices given by personal delivery or by email between 5pm on a Business Day (the "first Business Day") and 9am on the next Business Day (the "second Business Day") will be treated as given or delivered at 9am on the second Business Day.
- (6) If two or more notices are treated as given at the same time under clause 12.3(5), they will be treated as given in the order in which they were sent or delivered.
- (7) Notices or other written communications by a party's solicitor (for example, varying the Inspection Date, Finance Date or Settlement Date) will be treated as given with that party's authority.
- (8) Subject to the requirements of any law, for the purposes of clause 12.3(3)(b) and clause 12.5 the notice or information may be contained within an email, as an attachment to an email or located in an electronic repository accessible by the recipient by clicking a link in an email.
- (9) A communication given using a messaging system in an ELNO System is not a notice for the purpose of this contract.

12.4 Electronic Signing

If this contract is signed by any person using an Electronic Signature, the Buyer and the Seller:

- (a) agree to enter into this contract in electronic form; and
- (b) consent to either or both parties signing the contract using an Electronic Signature.

12.5 Pre-contract Disclosure

The Buyer consents to the Seller's use of electronic communication to give any notice or information required by law to be given to the Buyer (including a Seller Disclosure Statement) which was given before the Buyer signed this contract.

12.6 Business Days

- If the Settlement Date, Finance Date or Inspection Date fall on a day that is not a Business Day, then it falls on the next Business Day.
- (2) If anything else (other than payment of all or part of the Deposit) is required to be done on a day that is not a Business Day, it must be done instead on the next Business Day.

12.7 Rights After Settlement

Despite settlement and registration of the transfer, any term of this contract that can take effect after settlement or registration remains in force

12.8 Further Acts

If requested by the other party, each party must, at its own expense, do everything reasonably necessary to give effect to this contract.

12.9 Severance

If any term or part of a term of this contract is or becomes legally ineffective, invalid or unenforceable in any jurisdiction it will be severed and the effectiveness, validity or enforceability of the remainder will not be affected.

12.10 Interpretation

) Plurals and Genders

Reference to:

- (a) the singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular;
- (b) one gender includes each other gender;
- (c) a person includes a body corporate; and
- a party includes the party's executors, administrators, successors and permitted assigns.

(2) Parties

- (a) If a party consists of more than one person, this contract binds them jointly and each of them individually.
- (b) A party that is a trustee is bound both personally and in its capacity as a trustee.

(3) Acts and Regulations

Reference to an Act, regulation or statutory form includes all amendments, consolidations or replacements of them.

4) Inconsistencies

If there is any inconsistency between any provision added to this contract and the printed provisions, the added provision prevails.

(5) Headings

Headings are for convenience only and do not form part of this contract or affect its interpretation.

(6) Calculating Time

If anything is permitted or required to be done:

 a number of days or Business Days before a specified date, the date by which that thing may or must be done is to be calculated excluding the specified date;

Example: if the Settlement Date falls on a Friday, 2 days before the Settlement Date is Wednesday.

(b) "at least" a number of days or Business Days before a specified date or a clear number of days or Business Days before a specified date, the date by which that thing may or must be done is to be calculated excluding the specified date and excluding the day on which the thing may or must be done;

Example: if the Settlement Date falls on a Friday, at least 2 days before the Settlement Date or 2 clear days before the Settlement Date is Tuesday.

(c) a number of days or Business Days after a specified date, the date by which that thing may or must be done is to be calculated excluding the specified date.

Example: if the Contract Date falls on a Monday, 2 days after the Contract Date is Wednesday.

12.11 Counterparts

- (1) This contract may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which will together be deemed to constitute one and the same contract.
- A counterpart may be electronic and signed using an Electronic Signature.

13. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR COMMUNITY TITLE LOTS

13.1 When clause applies

This clause 13 applies if the Lot is a lot in a community titles scheme under the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act* 1997.

13.2 Additional Definitions

- (1) The following additional definitions apply:
 - (a) "Body Corporate" means the body corporate of the Scheme.
 - (b) "Body Corporate Debt" has the meaning in the Regulation Module but excludes the Body Corporate Levies for the period which includes the Settlement Date;
 - (c) "Body Corporate Levies" means regular periodic contributions levied on the owner of the Lot (including, if applicable, levied under an exclusive use by-law) excluding any Special Contribution;
 - (d) "Exclusive Use Area" means part of the common property for the Scheme allocated to the Lot under an exclusive use by-law;
 - (e) "Principal Body Corporate" means, where the Scheme is a subsidiary scheme in a layered arrangement of community titles schemes, the body corporate for each higher scheme;
 - "Scheme" means the community titles scheme containing the Lot;
 - (g) "Scheme Land" means the scheme land (as defined in the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997) for the Scheme;
 - (h) "Special Contribution" means an amount levied by the Body Corporate on the owner of the Lot under the Regulation Module for a liability for which no provision or

- inadequate provision has been made in the budget of the Body Corporate;
- "Regulation Module" means the regulation module for the Scheme.
- 2) The following definitions in clause 1.1 are modified as stated:
 - (a) "Outgoings" also includes Body Corporate Levies;
 - (b) "Property" also includes the right to any Exclusive Use Areas except in clause 7.4(2)(a);
 - (c) "Reserved Items" also includes all chattels in the Exclusive Use Areas which are not Included Chattels.
- (3) For clauses 3.5(1)(c)(i) and 3.5(7) the references to "authority" include the Body Corporate.
- (4) Words and phrases defined in the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997 have the same meaning in clause 13 unless the context indicates otherwise.

13.3 Body Corporate Records Inspection

- (1) This contract is conditional upon the Buyer being satisfied that it will not be materially prejudiced by any circumstances discovered on an inspection of the Body Corporate's records by the Records Inspection Date. The Buyer must take all reasonable steps to inspect the records.
- (2) The Buyer must give notice to the Seller that:
 - (a) the Buyer:
 - despite taking all reasonable steps has been unable to inspect the Body Corporate's records by the Records Inspection Date; or
 - (ii) is not satisfied with its inspection in accordance with 13.3(1)

and the Buyer terminates this contract; or

- (b) clause 13.3(1) has been either satisfied or waived by the Buyer.
- (3) If the Buyer terminates this contract and the Seller asks the Buyer for further details the Buyer must give written reasons to the Seller without delay.
- (4) The Seller may terminate this contract by notice to the Buyer if notice is not given under clause 13.3(2) by 5pm on the Records Inspection Date. This is the Seller's only remedy for the Buyer's failure to give notice.
- (5) The Seller's right under clause 13.3(4) is subject to the Buyer's continuing right to give written notice to the Seller of satisfaction, termination or waiver pursuant to clause 13.3(2).

13.4 Adjustment of Land Tax

- (1) For clause 3.5(4), the Site Value of the Lot will be calculated in accordance with section 29 of the Land Tax Act 2010.
- (2) If there is no separate Site Value for the Scheme Land, clause 3.5(5) applies as if each reference to the Lot was a reference to the Scheme Land.

13.5 Body Corporate Debts

- (1) The Seller is liable for:
 - (a) any Special Contribution for which a levy notice has been issued on or before the Contract Date; and
 - (b) any other Body Corporate Debt (including any penalty or recovery cost resulting from non-payment of a Body Corporate Debt) owing in respect of the Lot at settlement.
- (2) The Buyer is liable for any Special Contribution levied after the Contract Date.
- (3) If an amount payable by the Seller under clause 13.5(1) is unpaid at the Settlement Date:
 - (a) for an Electronic Settlement, at settlement the Financial Settlement Schedule must specify payment of the relevant amount to the Body Corporate;
 - (b) otherwise, the Buyer may deduct the relevant amount from the Balance Purchase Price at settlement and must pay it promptly to the Body Corporate.
- For the purposes of clause 13.5(1), an amount payable under an exclusive use by-law will be treated as levied on the date it is due.

13.6 Notice of purchase to Body Corporate

- (1) The Buyer must:
 - (a) complete and sign a BCCM Form 8 Information for body corporate roll ("Form 8") and provide a copy to the Seller on or before settlement; and

- (b) provide the Form 8 to the Body Corporate promptly after settlement
- (2) If the Buyer fails to comply with clause 13.6(1)(b), the Buyer authorises the Seller to provide the copy of the Form 8 to the Body Corporate.

13.7 Title

For clause 7.1, the Lot is also sold subject to the *Body Corporate* and *Community Management Act 1997*, the by-laws of the Body Corporate and, if the Scheme is a subsidiary scheme, the by-laws of each body corporate which apply to the Scheme.

13.8 Encumbrances

For clause 7.2, the Property is also sold subject to the statutory easements implied by Part 6A of the *Land Title Act 1994* and interests registered on the common property for the Scheme.

13.9 Seller's Additional Warranties

- The Seller warrants that at the Contract Date, except as disclosed in this contract or the Seller Disclosure Statement:
 - (a) the Seller
 - has not received notice of a meeting of the Body Corporate to consider; and
 - (ii) is not aware of a resolution of the Body Corporate, consenting to the recording of a new community management statement for the Scheme differing from the community management statement recorded for the Scheme at the Contract Date; and
 - (b) all necessary Body Corporate consents to improvements made to common property and which benefit the Lot or the registered owner of the Lot are in force; and
 - (c) the Seller has not received notice of a by-law contravention relating to the Lot from the Body Corporate or a Principal Body Corporate which has not been fully complied with or otherwise remains in effect.
- (2) If the Seller breaches a warranty in clause 13.9(1) and, as a result, the Buyer is materially prejudiced, the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given before settlement but may not claim damages or compensation.
- (3) Clauses 13.9(1) and 13.9(2) do not restrict any statutory rights the Buyer may have which cannot be excluded by this contract.

13.10 Body Corporate Meetings

- (1) The Seller must promptly give the Buyer a copy of:
 - (a) any notice it receives of a proposed meeting of the Body Corporate and any Principal Body Corporate to be held after the Contract Date; and
 - resolutions passed at that meeting and prior to settlement.
- (2) The Buyer may terminate this contract by notice in writing to the Seller given before settlement if it is materially prejudiced by any resolution of the Body Corporate or a Principal Body Corporate passed after the Contract Date other than a resolution, details of which are disclosed to the Buyer in this contract or in the Seller Disclosure Statement.
- (3) In clause 13.10(2) a resolution includes a decision of the Body Corporate Committee to consent to recording a new community management statement.
- (4) If the Buyer is not given a copy of the resolutions before settlement, it may sue the Seller for damages.

13.11 Property Adversely Affected

For clause 7.7(1)(b), (c), (d) and (e), references to the Lot are taken to include any part of the Scheme Land.

14. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR BUGTA LOTS

14.1 When clause applies

This clause 14 applies if the Lot is a lot in a Parcel to which the *Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980* applies.

14.2 Additional Definitions

- 1) The following additional definitions apply:
 - (a) "Body Corporate" means the body corporate under the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 for the Parcel;
 - (b) "Body Corporate Debt" has the same meaning as 'relevant body corporate debt' in section 41A of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 but excludes the Body Corporate Levies for the period which includes the Settlement Date;

- (c) "Body Corporate Levies" means regular periodic contributions levied on the owner of the Lot (including, if applicable, levied under an exclusive use by-law) excluding any Special Contribution;
- (d) "Exclusive Use Area" means part of the common property of the Parcel allocated to the Lot under an exclusive use by-law;
- (e) "Parcel" has the meaning in the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980;
- (f) "Principal Body Corporate" means:
 - a body corporate under the Relevant Specified Act of which the Body Corporate is a member; and
 - (ii) a body corporate under the Relevant Specified Act of which a body corporate in paragraph (i) is a member:
- (g) "Relevant Specified Act" means whichever of the following applies to the Lot and the Parcel:
 - (i) the Integrated Resort Development Act 1987: or
 - (ii) the Mixed Use Development Act 1993; or
 - (iii) the Registration of Plans (H.S.P. (Nominees) Pty. Limited) Enabling Act 1980; or
 - (iv) the Registration of Plans (Stage 2) (H.S.P. (Nominees) Pty. Limited) Enabling Act 1984; or
 - (v) the Sanctuary Cove Resort Act 1985;
- (h) "Section 53 Notice" means the form of notice of transfer of the Lot under section 53(2)(a) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980;
- (i) "Special Contribution" means an amount levied by the Body Corporate on the owner of the Lot under section 32(1) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 which is not a regular periodic contribution.
- 2) The following definitions in clause 1.1 are modified as stated:
 - (a) "Outgoings" also includes Body Corporate Levies;
 - (b) "Property" also includes the right to any Exclusive Use Areas except in clause 7.4(2)(a);
 - (c) "Reserved Items" also includes all chattels in the Exclusive Use Areas which are not Included Chattels.
- (3) For clauses 3.5(1)(c)(i) and 3.5(7) the references to "authority" include the Body Corporate.
- (4) Words and phrases defined in the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 have the same meaning in this contract unless the context indicates otherwise.

14.3 Body Corporate Records Inspection

- This contract is conditional upon the Buyer being satisfied that it will not be materially prejudiced by any circumstances discovered on an inspection of the Body Corporate's records by the Records Inspection Date. The Buyer must take all reasonable steps to inspect the records.
- (2) The Buyer must give notice to the Seller that:
 - (a) the Buyer:
 - despite taking all reasonable steps has been unable to inspect the Body Corporate's records by the Records Inspection Date; or
 - (ii) is not satisfied with its inspection in accordance with clause 14.3(1)

and the Buyer terminates this contract; or

- (b) clause 14.3(1) has been either satisfied or waived by the Buyer.
- (3) If the Buyer terminates this contract and the Seller asks the Buyer for further details the Buyer must give written reasons to the Seller without delay.
- (4) The Seller may terminate this contract by notice to the Buyer if notice is not given under clause 14.3(2) by 5pm on the Records Inspection Date. This is the Seller's only remedy for the Buyer's failure to give notice.
- (5) The Seller's right under clause 14.3(4) is subject to the Buyer's continuing right to give written notice to the Seller of satisfaction, termination or waiver pursuant to clause 14.3(2).

14.4 Adjustment of Land Tax

- (1) For clause 3.5(4), the Site Value of the Lot will be calculated in accordance with section 29 of the *Land Tax Act 2010*.
- (2) If there is no separate Site Value for the Parcel, clause 3.5(5) applies as if each reference to the Lot was a reference to the Parcel.

14.5 Body Corporate Debts

- The Seller is liable for:
 - (a) any Special Contribution for which a levy notice has been issued on or before the Contract Date; and
 - (b) any other Body Corporate Debt (including any penalty or recovery cost resulting from non-payment of a Body Corporate Debt) owing in respect of the Lot at settlement.
- (2) The Buyer is liable for any Special Contribution levied after the Contract Date.
- (3) If an amount payable by the Seller under clause 14.5(1) is unpaid at the Settlement Date,
 - (a) for an Electronic Settlement, at settlement the Financial Settlement Schedule must specify payment of the relevant amount to the Body Corporate;
 - (b) otherwise, the Buyer may deduct the specified amount from the Balance Purchase Price at settlement and must pay it promptly to the Body Corporate.
- (4) For the purposes of clause 14.5(1), an amount payable under an exclusive use by-law will be treated as levied on the date it is due.

14.6 Section 53 Notices

- (1) The Buyer must:
 - (a) complete and sign Section 53 Notice and provide a copy to the Seller on or before settlement; and
 - (b) provide the Section 53 Notice to the Body Corporate promptly after settlement.
- (2) If the Buyer fails to comply with clause 14.6(1)(b), the Buyer authorises the Seller to provide the copy of the Section 53 Notice to the Body Corporate.

14.7 Title

For clause 7.1, the Lot is also sold subject to the *Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980*, the Relevant Specified Act, the by-laws of the Body Corporate and any other by-laws under the Relevant Specified Act which apply to the Parcel.

14.8 Encumbrances

For clause 7.2, the Property is also sold subject to:

- the easements implied or created by sections 15 to 17 of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980;
- the easements implied or created by the Relevant Specified Act; and
- (c) interests registered on the common property for the Parcel.

14.9 Seller's Additional Warranties

- (1) The Seller warrants that at the Contract Date, except as disclosed in this contract or the Seller Disclosure Statement:
 - (a) the Seller:
 - (i) has not received notice of a meeting of the Body Corporate to consider; and
 - (ii) is not aware of a resolution of the Body Corporate, to amend, add to or repeal the by-laws for the Parcel as recorded on the plan for the Parcel at the Contract Date;
 - (b) all Body Corporate consents to improvements made to common property and which benefit the Lot or the registered owner of the Lot are in force; and
 - (c) the Seller has not received notice of a by-law contravention relating to the Lot from the Body Corporate or a Principal Body Corporate which has not been fully complied with or otherwise remains in effect.
- (2) If the Seller breaches a warranty in clause 14.9(1), and, as a result, the Buyer is materially prejudiced, the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given before settlement but may not claim damages or compensation.
- (3) Clauses 14.9(1) and 14.9(2) do not restrict any statutory rights the Buyer may have which cannot be excluded by this contract.

14.10 Body Corporate Meetings

- (1) The Seller must promptly give the Buyer a copy of:
 - any notice it receives of a proposed meeting of the Body Corporate or a Principal Body Corporate to be held after the Contract Date; and
 - (b) resolutions passed at that meeting and prior to settlement.
- (2) The Buyer may terminate this contract by notice in writing to the Seller given before settlement if:
 - (a) a resolution of the Body Corporate or a Principal Body Corporate is passed after the Contract Date; and
 - the Buyer would be materially prejudiced if required to settle this contract,

unless details of the resolution were disclosed to the Buyer in this contract or the Seller Disclosure Statement.

14.11 Property Adversely Affected

For clause 7.7(1)(b), (c), (d) and (e), references to the Lot are taken to include any part of the Parcel.

Leases Schedule

Schedule to REIQ Contract for Sale and Purchase of Commercial Real Estate

WARNING:

The Seller warrants in clauses 10.2 and 10.3 that the Leases Schedule is accurate at the Contract Date. Lease Incentives must include all incentives given to the Tenant, even if they have been received (see clause 10.3(1)(f)).

LEASE 1						
Name of Tenant:						
Use:						
Location / Tenancy No:						
Area of Tenancy (m ² approx.):						
Current Rent per Annum:	\$ □ inclusive of outgoings □ exclusive of outgoings					
Current Commencement Date:						
Current Term:						
Remaining Options:	Option 1	Term:		years		
	Option 2	Term:		years		
	Option 3	Term:		Years		
Tenant Carpark:	No:	Rate:	\$	□ annum □ month		
Lease Documents:						
Lease Incentives:						
LEASE 2						
Name of Tenant:						
Use:						
Location / Tenancy No:						
Area of Tenancy (m ² approx.):						
Current Rent per Annum:: \$ □ inclusive of outgoings □ exclusive of outgoings						
Current Commencement Date:						
Current Term:						
Remaining Options:	Option 1	Term:		years		
	Option 2	Term:		years		
	Option 3	Term:		Years		
Tenant Carpark:	No:	Rate:	\$	□ annum □ month		
Lease Documents:						
Lease Incentives:						

LEASE 3					
Name of Tenant:					
Use:					
Location / Tenancy No:					
Area of Tenancy (m ² approx.):					
Current Rent per Annum::	\$ □ inclusive of outgoings □ exclusive of outgoings				
Current Commencement Date:					
Current Term:					
Remaining Options:	Option 1	Term:		years	
	Option 2	Term:		years	
	Option 3	Term:		Years	
Tenant Carpark:	No:	Rate: \$		□ annum □ month	
Lease Documents:					
Lease Incentives:					
LEASE 4					
Name of Tenant:					
Use:					
Location / Tenancy No:					
Area of Tenancy (m ² approx.):					
Current Rent per Annum::	\$	☐ inclusive of o	utgoings exclus	ive of outgoings	
Current Commencement Date:					
Current Term:					
Remaining Options:	Option 1	Term:	—	years	
	Option 2	Term:		years	
	Option 3	Term:		Years	
Tenant Carpark:	No:	Rate: \$		□ annum □ month	
Lease Documents:		_			
Lease Incentives:					

Service Agreement Schedule Schedule to REIQ Contract for Sale and Purchase of Commercial Real Estate **CONTRACT 1** Contractor: Service performed: Cost: \$ \square annum \square quarter \square month per **CONTRACT 2** Contractor: Service performed: Cost: \$ \square annum \square quarter \square month per **CONTRACT 3** Contractor: Service performed: □ annum □ quarter □ month Cost: \$ per **CONTRACT 4** Contractor: Service performed: Cost: \$ \square annum \square quarter \square month per

CONTRACT 5

Service performed:

\$

per

 \square annum \square quarter \square month

Contractor:

Cost:

ANNEXURE "A" SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. ALTERATION TO STANDARD TERMS

- 1.1 Clauses 2.2, 2.3(2)-(4), 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 4.1, 4.2, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4(b), 5.5(1)(b) (h), 5.5(2)-(3), 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 5.10, 6.2, 6.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 7.10, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.5, 11.7, 12.7, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.9, 13.10, 13.11, 14.3, 14.4, 14.5, 14.9. 14.10, 14.11 are deleted from the Terms of Contract.
- 1.2 The Seller and Buyer acknowledge that clauses 3.4, 3.5, 13.4, 13.5, 14.4 and 14.5 are deleted because:
 - (a) the Seller is obligated to use the proceeds of sale, being funds presented or presentable at settlement of this Contract, in a priority order pursuant to regulation 146 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* (Qld) (**Regulation**);
 - (b) it is therefore inappropriate for Adjustments and adjustments of Outgoings to occur before settlement contradicting that priority, and it is instead appropriate for the Balance Purchase Price to be paid to the Seller for subsequent distribution with the Deposit pursuant to regulation 146 of the Regulation;
 - (c) The Buyer, to either facilitate settlement of this Contract and/or the registration of the resulting transfer, acknowledges they are may be liable for land tax not paid in full by operation of regulation 146 of the Regulation, and may be required to present further funds at the Settlement Date to pay land tax. The Buyer is required to undertake a land tax search if one is not provided by the Seller relevant to the financial year current at the Settlement Date;
 - (d) for the avoidance of doubt:
 - (i) the Property is sold free of all local government rates and charges accrued prior to the Settlement Date; and
 - (ii) the Seller is not liable for Body Corporate Levies or Body Corporate Debt whether current or not, nor are any amounts to be adjusted in favour of the Buyer for Body Corporate Levies. Should any proceeds of sale be remaining after application of regulation 145(1)(a) to (g), the Seller will distribute funds to the Body Corporate.
- 1.3 Clause 5.3 of the Terms of the Contract is amended by deleting the clause and replacing with "If the settlement is not an Electronic Settlement, settlement must be effected at the offices of the Seller".
- 1.4 Clause 7.2 of the Terms of the Contract is amended by deleting "and Leases" because pursuant to regulation 138 and 145(4) of the Regulation, the Property is sold to the Buyer free of all encumbrances, other than an encumbrance that confers rights on a State or government entity or Title Encumbrances.
- 1.5 Insofar as it is appropriate, clauses regarding Electronic Settlement are deleted because:
 - (a) the Seller and Buyer acknowledge that to their knowledge and as at the date of the Contract, the instrument of transfer cannot be prepared, lodged or deposited using an Electronic Lodgement Network because the Electronic Lodgement Network does not have the functionality to prepare, lodge or deposit the required instrument, and is therefore exempt from the requirements of regulation 5(1) of the *Land Title Regulation 2022* pursuant to regulation 5(2) of the *Land Title Regulation 2022*; and

(b) if PEXA, as the Seller's nominated Electronic Lodgement Network, does obtain the functionality to prepare, lodge or deposit the required instrument, meaning the exemption under regulation 5(2) of the *Land Title Regulation 2022* no longer applies, then clauses relating the Electronic Settlement are not deleted from the Terms of Contract.

2. SELLER'S TITLE TO SELL AND RESERVATIONS

- 2.1 The Seller hereby represents to the Buyer that the Seller is a local government selling in exercise of its statutory rights under and by virtue of the Chapter 4, Part 12, Division 3 of the Regulation.
- 2.2 If, at any time before the Settlement Date, the Seller becomes aware that payment of the overdue rates, interest and costs in respect of the Property is tendered to the Seller, then the Seller may terminate this Agreement by written notice to the Buyer in which event all monies paid by way of Deposit are refundable to the Buyer without deduction.
- 2.3 If the Seller shall fail to show or make good title to the Property hereby sold or any part of it, the Buyer shall have no right, power or remedy against the Seller in respect thereof, any rule of law or equity or any provision hereof to the contrary. Nothing in this Special Condition 2.3 shall abrogate any right of the Buyer to recover the deposit or any other moneys paid hereunder on account of the purchase price if lawfully terminated.
- 2.4 In the event of an order being made against the Seller which takes effect as an interim injunction restraining the Seller in any way in the performance of this Contract, or a caveat forbidding registration of the transfer being lodged, or if the Seller is restricted or prohibited by any means whatsoever in giving title to the Property or in effecting settlement in accordance with the terms hereof:
 - (a) **THEN** the Seller may, at its absolute discretion, by notice in writing to the Buyer extend the time for completion of this Contract by such period or periods of time as the Seller may reasonably require in the circumstances, not being more than ninety (90) days (in aggregate), to give title to the Property or effect settlement,
 - (b) **PROVIDED THAT** if the Seller shall not be able to give title to the Property or effect settlement hereunder in such extended period or periods of time,
 - (c) THEN either party may at its option by notice in writing to the other party terminate this Contract in which event all deposit and other moneys received by the Seller or the Deposit Holder on account of the purchase price together with interest accrued thereon (if any) shall be refunded to the Buyer and the Seller shall hereby be released from all or any of its obligations to the Buyer arising from or in relation to the signing of this Contract,
 - (d) AND the Buyer agrees and acknowledges that it shall not be entitled to make any claim or bring any action for damages, compensation, account or seek to enforce any other remedies at law or in equity by reason of the Seller's inability to pass title to the Property at settlement or otherwise under this Contract.
- 2.5 The Property is sold to the Buyer subject to the reservations and conditions express or implied in the Instrument of Title and the Buyer shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in relation thereto.
- 2.6 The Property hereby sold is believed by the Seller to be and shall be taken to be correctly described. No error omission or misdescription in the particulars of the Property or in the boundaries or area of the Property shall invalidate this Contract nor be the subject of any claim for compensation by either party. The Buyer shall not be entitled to delay completion of this Contract or to withhold any part of the purchase price in relation thereto.

2.7 Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Contract, the Seller shall not be required to deliver any abstracts of title or copies of deeds or documents whether in its possession or not.

3. FORMER OWNER'S PERSONAL PROPERTY

- 3.1 The Buyer acknowledges that:
 - (a) there may be personal property which is not removed from the Property on the Settlement Date and which is the personal property of the former owner; and any such personal property must be removed from the Property at the Buyer's own election, expense, risk and liability; and
 - (b) the Buyer indemnifies the Seller from and against liability of any type whatsoever in relation to the former's owner's personal property.

4. POSSESSION

- 4.1 The Buyer acknowledges that the:
 - (a) Seller gives no warranty or assurance whatsoever with respect to passing vacant possession of the Property to the Buyer;
 - (b) Buyer is responsible for taking possession, vacant or otherwise, of the Property at the Buyer's own election, expense, risk and liability; and
 - (c) Buyer indemnifies the Seller from and against liability on any account whatsoever to any person whomsoever occasioned by action in taking possession of the Property.

5. CONDITION OF IMPROVEMENT AND EXCLUSION OF WARRANTIES

- 5.1 The Seller gives no warranty that the improvements purporting to be on or in or comprising the Property are wholly on the Property or that buildings or improvements on adjoining lands do not encroach on the Property. This sale and Contract are deemed subject to any such encroachment which may exist and the Buyer shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in relation thereto.
- 5.2 The Property is sold in an "as is" condition and no promise or warranty whatsoever is given or shall be implied with respect to the Property nor as to the condition, state of repair, suitability or sufficiency of the Property.
- 5.3 All improvements included in the sale are sold with all faults or defects (whether latent or not) and no warranty is given as to the condition or suitability for use thereof.
- 5.4 The Seller gives no warranty or assurance whatsoever with respect to the environmental state or condition of the Property and this sale and Contract is deemed subject to any contamination (if any) affecting the Property and the Buyer shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in relation thereto.
- 5.5 If there is a pool on the Property the Seller makes no warranty or guarantee that the pool and fencing surrounding the pool complies with any statute, by-law, regulation or local government ordinance relating to the construction, height, size, nature or otherwise of the pool or pool fence on the subject property and the Buyer shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in respect of any non-compliance by the Seller.
- 5.6 The Seller gives no warranty or assurance whatsoever with respect to the present use, the permitted use, the zoning or any town planning approvals granted (if any) or building approvals granted (if any) affecting the Property or that any services including but not limited to sewerage,

water, electricity, telephone, or gas are available for supply to the Property and the Buyer shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation or terminate in relation thereto.

- 5.7 Any valid notice or order issued either prior to or after the date of this Contract pursuant to any Statute or by any Local Authority or Court necessitating the doing of work or expenditure of money on or in relation to the Property or on any path or road adjoining the Property must be fully complied with by the Buyer at the Buyer's expense and no claim for compensation or contribution will be sought from the Seller, nor can the Buyer terminate this Contract as a result.
- 5.8 The Buyer agrees that it shall be deemed to have purchased the Property hereby sold, subject to all requisitions, notices and requirements of any lawful authority affecting or relating to the Property hereby sold or any part thereof and that it shall be the responsibility of the Buyer, at the Buyer's cost and expense to comply with all such requisitions, notices and requirements and the Buyer shall make no objection or requisition or claim for compensation in relation thereto but shall indemnify the Seller in relation to same.

5.9 The Buyer acknowledges that it:

- (a) has entered into this Contract after satisfactory personal investigation of the Property hereby sold;
- (b) has relied upon such independent advice as it deems necessary from experts or professional advisors, including engineers, surveyors, architects, builders, town planners, environmental experts, valuers, accountants, lawyers and the like concerning the Property hereby sold;
- (c) has not relied on any representations or warranties by the Seller, the Seller's agent or any other person inducing it to enter into this Contract, all of which such warranties and representations, if any, are hereby expressly negatived; and
- (d) is buying the Property hereby sold in its present state and condition together with any defects, whether apparent or latent, and the Buyer shall make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation in relation to same.

6. SAFETY SWITCH

6.1 If there is a safety switch installed at the Property, the Seller makes no representations about the condition, quality or working order of the safety switch.

7. SMOKE ALARM

7.1 If there are smoke alarms installed in the Property, the Seller makes no representations about the condition, quality or working order of the smoke alarms.

8. GOODS AND SERVICES TAX

- 8.1 The Seller and the Buyer acknowledge and agree the Purchase Price under this Contract has been calculated without regard to GST.
- 8.2 If the Seller is liable to pay any GST (or any similar tax) in respect of the supply of the Property under this Contract, then the Purchase Price shall be deemed increased to an amount equivalent to the Purchase Price plus all adjustments and any GST payable thereon and the Buyer shall pay to the Seller the increased Purchase Price (or the balance thereof) adjusted to include the GST (or any similar tax) on the Settlement Date.

8.3 Where the Seller has become subject to any penalties or interest as a result of the late payment of GST (or any similar Tax) in respect of the supply of the Property under this Contract because of the failure of the Buyer to punctually comply with the terms of this clause 8 then the Buyer shall pay to the Seller an additional amount on demand equal to the amount of those penalties and interest from the due date for payment continuing until payment in full is made by the Buyer in compliance with the terms of this Contract and the Buyer shall indemnify and keep indemnified the Seller for and against all such GST (or any similar tax and any penalties or interest thereon) at all times now and in the future.

9. GUARANTEE AND INDEMNITY

- 9.1 If the Buyer is a company, then the Buyer must:
 - (a) procure the due execution of a guarantee and indemnity from each director of the company in the form of the guarantee and indemnity forming **Annexure** "**B**" of this Contract; and
 - (b) immediately deliver the duly executed guarantee and indemnity to the Seller together with this Contract.

10. COOLING-OFF PERIOD

- 10.1 Insofar as it is not inconsistent with legislative requirements pertaining to contracts of sale of this nature, and these special conditions, no cooling-off period applies to this Contract.
- 10.2 Where for any reason a cooling off period may apply to this Contract, the Buyer hereby gives written notice to the Seller waiving the cooling-off period, pursuant to section 167 of the *Property Occupations Act 2014* (Qld). By executing this contract, the Purchaser is also executing its written notice under this clause.

11. ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE

11.1 The parties agree that this Contract and Annexures may be executed by Electronic Signature in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

12. SPECIAL CONDITIONS PREVAIL

12.1 In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of these Special Conditions 1 to 12 inclusive and the provisions of the Standard Terms of Contract then, the provisions of these Special Conditions shall prevail.

SIGNATURES

Individual Buyer	
Signature))) Witness Signature)) Full name of Witness
Signature)
By placing my signature above, I warrant that I am the Buyer named in the Reference Schedule or authorised by the Buyer to sign.	[No witness is required if the Buyer signs using an Electronic Signature]
Company Buyer Executed in accordance with section 127(1) of the Corpor	rations Act 2001 (Cth)
Director/Sole Director	Director/Secretary
Full name	Full name
By placing my signature above, I warrant that I am the Buyer named in the Reference Schedule or authorised by the Buyer to sign.	
Seller	
Marion Millard, Acting Director of Organisational Services delegated authority for the Fraser Coast Regional Council:)) Witness)
By placing my signature above, I warrant that I am the Seller named in the Reference Schedule or authorised by the Seller to sign.	[No witness is required if the Seller signs using an Electronic Signature]

ANNEXURE "B" GUARANTEE AND INDEMNITY

	of	
	of	
(name of Guarantor)		(address of Guarantor)

("Guarantor")

- 1. The Guarantor acknowledges that:
 - (a) the Guarantor gives this Guarantee in consideration of the Seller entering into the Contract with the Buyer at the Guarantor's request; and
 - (b) before the Guarantor executed this Guarantee, the Guarantor read and understood the Contract and this Guarantee.
- 2. The Guarantor hereby guarantees:
 - (a) to the Seller the due punctual payment by the Buyer to the Seller of all sums of money becoming due, owing or payable by the Buyer to the Seller under the terms of and or as a result of this Contract ("the guaranteed monies") at the times and in the manner as set out in this contract or otherwise on demand; and
 - (b) the due and punctual performance and observance by the Buyer of all and any of the covenants, provisions and stipulations on the part of the buyer to be performed and observed under and pursuant to this contract ("the guaranteed obligations").
- 3. The Guarantor further indemnifies the Seller against and in respect of any damages, loss, claim, demand, cost, expense or obligation direct or indirect which the Seller has or may suffer incur or sustain as a result of the Buyer's failure to pay the guaranteed monies when due or to perform the guaranteed obligations when due.
- 4. This guarantee and indemnity shall be a continuing guarantee and indemnity until the whole of the guaranteed monies are paid and the whole of the guarantee obligations performed and shall be independent of and in addition to and in no way affected by any other security instrument or document which the seller may hereafter obtain or hold for any indebtedness or liability whatsoever of the Buyer or other Guarantors to the Seller.
- 5. The liability of the Guarantor shall not be affected or discharged in any way whatsoever in the event that the Seller grants or agrees to grant to the Buyer any time or any other indulgence or consideration or in the event that the Seller compounds with or releases or assents to the winding up of the Buyer or wholly or partially releases or discharges the Buyer from any of the terms of the contract or in the event that the Seller varies any of the terms of this contract.
- 6. The Seller shall not be bound at any time to exercise any of its rights under this contract or in any collateral or other contract and any omission failure of refusal by the Seller so to do shall not prejudice, affect, discharge or diminish any of the liabilities of the Guarantor hereunder and the liability of the Guarantors hereunder shall not be affected or discharged by any other laches or mistakes on the Seller's part.
- 7. If by reason of any statute, rule of law or for any other reason whatsoever any covenant, term or condition of this contract is rendered unenforceable by the Seller against the Buyer then the Guarantor agree hereby at all times to indemnify the Seller to the full extent in respect of the guaranteed monies or any part thereof which have thereby been rendered unrecoverable by the Seller from the Buyer.

- 8. For the purposes of this guarantee, the Guarantor may be treated as the principal debtor under the contract and the Guarantor waives all rights either at law or under any statute that the Guarantor might otherwise be entitled to claim or enforce in respect thereof.
- 9. Any notice or consent to be given or any demand to be made by the Seller to the Guarantor under or pursuant to this guarantee may be given or made by writing under the hand of the Seller or of any manger, acting manager, clerk, solicitor or any other person acting on behalf of the Seller and may be delivered by prepaid post addressed to the Guarantors' address stated herein and any such notice consent or demand shall be deemed to have been received by the Guarantor on the day after posting or sending.
- 10. In this Guarantee:
 - (a) unless the context requires a different interpretation:
 - i. the singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular;
 - ii. a promise or agreement by two or more persons binds each of them individually and all of them together;
 - iii. reference to a person includes a body corporate;
 - v. reference to a party to this Guarantee or the Contract includes that party's executors, administrators, successors and permitted assigns; and
 - (b) headings are only for convenience and do not affect interpretation.

Signed sealed and delivered by the Guaran))
Signature)) Witness Signature
) Full name of Witness
Signature)
) Full name of Witness
	[No witness is required if the Guarantor signs using an Electronic Signature]